RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PRINCE ALBERT No. 461

ZONING BYLAW

Prepared For:

THE RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PRINCE ALBERT NO. 461 AND THE PRINCE ALBERT DISTRICT PLANNING COMMISSION

Prepared By:

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December 2009

The Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461

Bylaw No.

A Bylaw of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461.

The Council of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert, in the Province of Saskatchewan, in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

- (1)Pursuant to Section 34(1) of The Planning and Development Act, 2007 the Council of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461 hereby adopts the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461 Zoning Bylaw, identified as Schedule "A" to this Bylaw.
- (2) The Reeve and Rural Municipal Administrator of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461 are hereby authorized to sign and seal Schedule "A" which is attached to and forms part of this Bylaw.
- (3) Bylaw No. 2 of 1991, the Zoning Bylaw, and all amendments thereto, are hereby repealed.
- This Bylaw shall come into force on the date of final approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. (4)

Read a First Time the	day of	,
Read a Second Time the	day of	,
Read a Third Time the	day of	,
Adoption of this Bylaw th	is day of	,
		SEAL
(Reeve)		
(Rural Municipal Admin	nistrator)	
	law adopted by Resolution of Council	
On the day of	, of the year	
	, (date)	
A Commissioner for Oaths in th		
My appointment expires		

THE RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PRINCE ALBERT No. 461

ZONING BYLAW

Being Schedule "A" to Bylaw No. of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461

(Reeve)

SEAL

(Rural Municipal Administrator)

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<u>1.1</u> <u>TITLE</u>

This Bylaw shall be known as the "Zoning Bylaw of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461".

<u>1.2</u> <u>Scope</u>

All development within the limits of the municipality shall be in conformity with the provisions of this bylaw, subject to the right of appeal provisions of *the Act*.

<u>1.3</u> <u>PURPOSE</u>

This is a Bylaw to control the use and development of the land in the municipality and assist in implementing the *Official Community Plan* for the Prince Albert Planning District.

1.4 SEVERABILITY

If any part of this Bylaw, including anything shown on the *Zoning District Map*, is declared to be invalid for any reason, by an authority of competent jurisdiction, that decision shall not affect the validity of the Bylaw as a whole, or any other part, section or provision of this Bylaw.

2 INTERPRETATION

Whenever in this bylaw the following words or terms are used, they shall, unless the context otherwise provides be held to have the following meaning:

Accessory Building or Use: means a building or use which:

- (a) is subordinate to and serves the principal building or principal use;
- (b) is subordinate in area, extent and purpose to the principal building or principal use served;
- (c) contributes to the comfort, convenience or necessity of occupants of the principal building or principal use served; and,
- (d) is located on the same site as the principal building or principal use served.

Act: means The Planning and Development Act, 2007, as amended.

Agriculturally related commercial and industrial uses: means:

- (a) grain and seed storage, cleaning and drying;
- (b) fertilizing mixing sales (subject to provincial regulations);
- (c) livestock and poultry breeding services;
- (d) abattoirs; and,
- (e) other agriculturally related services.

Agroforestry: means a collective name for the practice of intentionally using trees within land use systems and practices in which woody perennials are deliberately integrated with crops and/or animals on the same land management unit either in a spatial or temporal sequence.

Alteration: means any structural change or addition made to any building or structure.

Amusement Park: means development including go-cart, paint ball and miniature golfing facilities, concessions and arcades, swimming pools, water slides, batting cages and other similar uses.

Ancillary Use: means a use that is secondary and subordinate in size, extent and purpose to the principal use on the same site, but is not necessary for the operation of the principal use on that site.

Animal Unit: means the kind and number of animals calculated in accordance with the following:

KIND OF ANIMAL NUMBER THAT EQUALS ONE ANIMAL UNIT

(1)	Poultry	
	a) hens, cockerels, capons	100
	b) chicks, broiler chicken	200
	c) turkeys, geese, ducks	50
	d) ostrich	7
	e) emu	16

(2)	<u>Hogs</u> a) boars or sows b) gilts c) feeder pigs d) weanling pigs	3 4 6 20
(3)	<u>Wild Boars</u> a) boars or sows b) gilts c) feeder pigs d) weanling pigs	3 4 6 20
(4)	<u>Sheep</u> a) rams or ewes b) lambs	7 14
(5)	Goats, Llamas, Alpacas, etc.	7
(6)	<u>Cattle</u> a) cows or bulls b) feeder cattle c) replacement heifers d) calves	1 1.5 2 4
(7)	<u>Horses</u> a) colts or ponies b) other than colts or ponies	2 1
(8)	<u>Other</u> a) bison cows or bulls b) bison calves c) elk, reindeer d) deer	1 4 4 7

Apartment House: means a building divided into three (3) or more dwelling units as herein defined, each of which is occupied or intended to be occupied as a permanent home or residence, as distinct from a hotel or motel, but excluding townhouses and street townhouses as herein defined.

Auction Market: means building, structure, or lot, or part thereof, used as a premises where goods and materials that are to be sold by public auction.

Applicant: means a developer or person applying for a development permit under this bylaw.

Bare Land Condominium: means a condominium divided into bare land units, as defined in *The* Condominium Property Act, 1993.

Bare Land Unit: means a bare land unit as defined in The Condominium Property Act, 1993.

Bed and Breakfast Home: means a dwelling unit in which the occupants thereof use a portion of the dwelling unit for the purpose of providing, for remuneration, sleeping accommodation and one meal per day to members of the general public, for periods of one week or less, and in which:

- (a) not more than three bedrooms within the dwelling unit are used to provide such sleeping accommodation;
- (b) the dwelling unit is the principal residence of the persons receiving the remuneration and providing the sleeping accommodation and one meal per day; and,
- (c) the meal which is provided is served before noon each day.

Building: means a structure used for the shelter or accommodation of persons, animals, or chattels.

Building Bylaw: means any bylaw of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461 regulating the erection, alteration, repair, occupancy or maintenance of buildings or structures.

Building Floor Area: means the maximum habitable area contained within the outside walls of a building, excluding in the case of a dwelling unit any private garage, porch, sunroom, unfinished attic or unfinished basement.

Building Height: means the vertical distance of a building measured from grade level to the highest point of the roof surface, if a flat roof; to the deck line of a mansard roof; and to the mean height level between eaves and ridge for a gable, hip or gambrel roof (refer to Figure 2-1).

Building Line, Established: means a line, parallel to the front site line (and, in the case of corner sites, a line, parallel to the side site line along the flanking street), and set back the average distance from the edge of the street to the main walls of the existing buildings on a side of any block of the street where more than half the lots have been built on.

Building Permit: means a permit issued under a building bylaw of the municipality authorizing the construction of all or part of any building.

Building, Principal: means the main building in which the principal use of the site is conducted.

Business Dwelling: means an accessory dwelling unit accessory to a commercial or industrial use in a commercial or industrial zoning district that is intended to accommodate an owner, manager, employee of the company who must live onsite to accomplish their tasks.

Campground: means the seasonal operation of an area of land managed as a unit, providing temporary shortterm accommodation for tents, tent trailers, travel trailers, recreational vehicles and campers, used by travellers and tourists.

Campsite: means a designated and delineated area within a campground, tourist camp or trailer court that is intended to accommodate a single tent, tent party or trailer coach.

Carport: means a roofed enclosure for the parking of a motor vehicle or motor vehicles which has less than 60% of the total perimeter enclosed by walls, doors or windows and is attached to a principal building.

Car Wash: means a building or portion of a building which is used for the washing of vehicles, including full service, automatic and hand operated facilities.

Cemetery: means property used for the internment of the dead and may include facilities for the storage of ashes of human remains that have been cremated.

Club: means a group of people organized for a common purpose, to pursue common goals, interests or activities, usually characterized by certain membership qualifications, payment of dues or fees, regular meetings, and a constitution and bylaws; and shall include lodges and fraternal organizations.

Community Centre: means a building or facility used for recreational, social, educational or cultural activities and which is owned by a municipal corporation, non-profit corporation or other non-profit organization.

Construction Trades: means offices, shops and warehouses, with or without associated retail sales of plumbing and heating, electrical, carpentry, masonry and other trades associated with construction of buildings.

Convenience Store: means a store offering for sale primarily food products, beverages, tobacco, personal care items, hardware and printed matter and which primarily provides a convenient day-to-day service to residents in the vicinity.

Council: means the Council of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461.

Cultural Institution: means an establishment such as a museum, art gallery, library and similar facilities of historical, educational or cultural interest.

Custodial Care Facility: means either:

- (a) a facility for the temporary detention or open custody of persons pursuant to the provisions of *The Youth Criminal Justice Act* (Canada) or *The Summary Offences Procedure Act*, 1990 (Saskatchewan); or,
- (b) a facility for the accommodation of persons participating in a community training program pursuant to *The Correctional Services Act*.

in which the number of persons in detention, custody or residence does not exceed five.

Day Care Centre: means a facility for the non-parental care of over four (4) preschool age children on a daily basis and licensed under *The Child Care Act*.

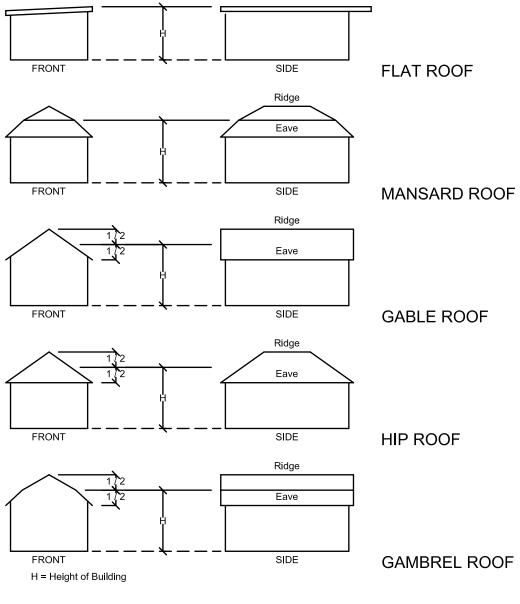
Deck: means a raised open platform, with or without rails, attached to a principal building.

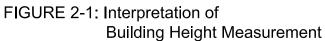
Development: means the carrying out of any building, engineering, mining or other operations, in, on, or over land, or the making of any material change in the use or intensity of use of any building or land.

Development Permit: means a document authorizing a development issued pursuant to this Bylaw.

Discretionary Use: means a use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, the Council; and which complies with the development standards, as required by Council, contained in this Bylaw.

Dwelling Group: means a group of two or more detached one unit dwellings, two unit dwellings or multiple unit dwellings or combinations thereof occupying the same site.





Dwelling, Multiple Unit: means a building divided into three or more dwelling units as herein defined and shall include town or row houses and apartment houses but not hotels, or motels.

Dwelling, Semi-Detached: means a dwelling unit on its own site, attached to another dwelling unit on its own site, with a common wall dividing the two dwelling units throughout at least 40% of the length of the entire structure, measured from the front to the rear building lines.

Dwelling, Single Detached: means a detached building consisting of one dwelling unit as herein defined, but shall not include a mobile home or prefabricated home as herein defined.

Dwelling, Street Townhouse: means a dwelling unit on its own site, attached to two or more other dwelling units, each on their own sites, with a common wall dividing the dwelling units throughout at least 40% of the depth of the entire structure.

Dwelling, Two-Unit: means a detached building divided into two dwelling units as herein defined.

Dwelling Unit: means one or more habitable rooms constituting a self-contained unit and used or intended to be used together for living and sleeping purposes by one or more persons.

Educational Institution: means post-secondary college, university or technical institution, but shall not include a private school.

Estimated Peak Water Level (E.P.W.L.): means the calculated water level used to determine the flood hazard area. It is based on the 1:500 peak flow for rivers, and the higher of the 1:500 peak calm level or the 1:100 peak calm level with a 1:5 wind from the most critical direction for most lakes.

Face Area, Sign: means the area of the single face of any sign and is calculated using the illustration in Figure 2-2.

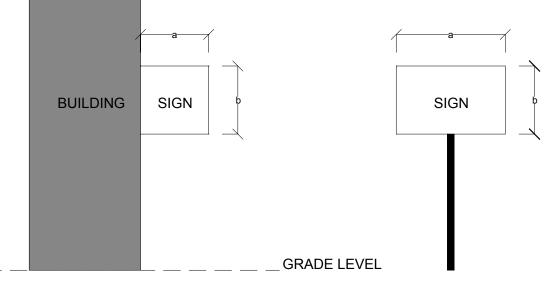
Face Area, Total Sign: means the total amount of sign face area on a sign including all sides.

Farm: means the land, buildings, and machinery used in the commercial production of farm products.

Farm Dwelling: means an accessory dwelling on a farm that is intended to accommodate farm workers.

Farm Based Business: means an occupation carried on by the operators of a farm, ancillary to the principal use.

Farm Operation: means conditions or activities which occur on a farm in connection with the commercial production of farm products, including agroforestry, but not including Intensive Livestock Operations or Intensive Agricultural Operations.



sign face area = a x b

FIGURE 2-2: Calculation of Sign Face Area

Farm Product: means those plants and animals useful to man and including, but not limited to:

- (a) forages and sod crops;
- (b) grains and feed crops;
- (c) dairy and dairy products;
- (d) poultry and poultry products;
- (e) livestock, including breeding and grazing;
- (f) fruits;
- (g) vegetables;
- (h) flowers;
- (i) seeds;
- (j) grasses;
- (k) trees;
- (1) apiaries and honey production;
- (m) equine and other similar products; and,
- (n) other product which incorporate the use of food, feed, fibre or fur.

Fence: means an artificially constructed barrier erected to enclose or screen areas of land.

Financial Institution: means a bank, credit union, trust company, or similar establishment.

Flankage: means the side site line of a corner site which abuts the street.

Flood Hazard Area: means the flood hazard area means the area below the E.P.W.L.. The flood hazard area has two zones; the Flood Fringe and the Floodway.

Flood Fringe: means a zone within the flood hazard area where some types of development may occur if suitably flood-proofed. The Flood Fringe is typically defined as that portion of the flood hazard area where:

- (a) depth of inundation above natural ground is less than 1.0 metre;
- (b) flow velocities are less than 1.0 metre per second; and,
- (c) encroachment (fill) into the Flood Fringe would raise upstream water levels by less than 0.3 metres.

Floodway: means a zone within the flood hazard area where typically only necessary infrastructure is allowed (eg. water intakes and outfalls, bridge piers and abutments, etc) or development that is of low value and non-obstructive (eg. parks, nature areas, parking lots, and recreational trails). The Floodway contains the deepest, fastest, and most destructive floodwaters and is typically defined as that portion of the flood hazard area where:

- (a) depth of inundation above natural ground is more than 1.0 metre;
- (b) flow velocities are greater than 1.0 metres per second; or,
- (c) encroachment (fill) into the Floodway would raise upstream water levels by more than 0.3 metres.

Flood Proofing: means techniques or measures taken to permanently protect a structure or development from flood damage. These can include measures such as elevating building (eg. building on fill or piers), constructing dykes, creating upstream storage, diversions, and channelization.

Foreshore: means the Crown Land lying between the shore of any watercourse and registered surface parcels.

Garden Suite: means a accessory, detached single-unit dwelling which is temporarily located on the same site as an existing dwelling unit to provide accommodation for a specific person or persons who are physically dependent on the residents of the existing dwelling unit, or to provide accommodations f or a caregiver of whom a specific person or persons residing in the existing dwelling unit is physically dependent.

Gas Bar: means a building or facility used for the retail sale of motor vehicle fuels from fixed pumps.

Hazard Land: means land which may be subject to flooding, ponding, slumping, subsidence, landslides, erosion, or contamination by hazardous material.

Hazardous Material: means any product, substance or organism which, because of its quantity, concentration or risk of spill, or its physical, chemical or infectious characteristics, either individually or in combination with other substances, is an existing or potential threat to the physical environment, to human health or to living organisms, including but not limited to:

- (a) corrosives;
- (b) explosives;
- (c) flammable and combustible liquids;
- (d) flammable solids. substances liable to spontaneous combustion, substances that on contact with water emit flammable gases;
- (e) gases, compressed, deeply refrigerated, liquified or dissolved under pressure;
- (f) oxidizing substances; organic peroxides;
- (g) poisonous (toxic) and infectious substances;
- (h) radioactive materials;
- (i) waste Dangerous Materials; and,
- (j) any other environmentally hazardous substance.

Health Care Clinic: means a facility or institution engaged in the provision of services for health maintenance, diagnosis or treatment of human pain, injury or other physical condition on an out-patient basis.

Highway Sign Corridor: means a strip of land parallel and adjacent to a provincial highway where private signs may be permitted to advertise goods and services of local area businesses and attractions, as provided by regulations of the Department of Highways and Transportation entitled "*The Erection of Signs Adjacent to Provincial Highway Regulations, 1986*", as may be amended from time to time.

Home Based Business: means an occupation carried on by the occupants of a residence ancillary to a principal use.

Hotel: means a building or part of a building used as a place for sleeping accommodation with or without meals, and which may have a licensed beverage room, but does not include a motel.

Institutional Camp: means an area of land containing sleeping accommodations and facilities which are used to provide short term accommodation for persons engaged in passive or active recreation or leisure, which, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, shall include the following: children's camp or establishment, religious camp, artist's camp, retreat, educational camp, recreational camp, sports camp or other similar camp or establishment.

Intensive Agricultural Operation: means a principal use that produces a crop that is grown in buildings or under structures, using hydroponic techniques, or by use of intensive irrigation and fertilizer application, but not including an intensive livestock operation.

Intensive Livestock Operation (ILO): means the operation or facilities for rearing, confinement or feeding of poultry, hogs, sheep, goats, cattle horses or domesticated game animals, in such numbers that the facility and portion of a site used for the operation:

- (a) will contain 100 or more animal units; and,
- (b) provides less than 370 m^2 of space for each animal unit contained therein.

Intersection: means an area where two or more streets or lanes meet or cross at grade.

Junk and Salvage Yards: means uses including, but not limited to, uses involved in salvaging, storing or selling scrap metal, paper, plastic, glass, wood and other waste material, as well as unlicensed vehicles and used vehicle parts.

Kennel: means the temporary accommodation of dogs, cats or other domestic animals for commercial purposes.

Landscaping: means the modification and enhancement of a site through the use of any or all of the following elements:

- (a) *hard Landscaping*: means landscaping consisting of non-vegetative materials, such as brick, stone, concrete, tile and wood, but excluding monolithic concrete and asphalt.
- (b) *soft Landscaping*: means landscaping consisting of vegetation, such as trees, shrubs, hedges and grass.
- (c) *architectural Elements*: means landscaping consisting of wing walls, sculptures, etc.

Lane: means a public highway vested in the Crown as a secondary level of access to a lot or parcel of land.

Linear Park: means dedicated land developed in a linear fashion, between 15 and 35 metres in width, intended to facilitate pedestrian and cycling transportation, and may also facilitate the management of storm water.

Loading Space: means a space, measuring at least 2.4 metres in width and 8.4 metres in depth, located on a site, and having access to a street or lane, in which a vehicle may park to load or unload goods.

Lot: means an area of land with fixed boundaries and which is of record with the Information Services Corporation by Certificate of Title.

Lounge: means a room or area adjoining a restaurant that permits the sale of beer, wine or spirits for consumption on the premises, with or without food, and where no entertainment or dance floor is permitted, either in the lounge or in the restaurant attached to the lounge.

Mall: means a single story commercial building in which, up to six (6) commercial uses are located together for their mutual benefit, each use having a separate entrance to the outside.

Membrane-Covered Structure: means a structure consisting of a frame that is covered with plastic, fabric, canvass or similar non-permanent material, which typically is used to provide storage for vehicles, boats, recreational vehicles or other personal property, or on a larger scale, for storage of commercial goods and materials. The terms shall also apply to structures known commonly as 'hoop houses', 'canopy-covered carports' and 'tent garages', and can be fully or partially covered. Gazebos are not membrane-covered structures.

Mineral Resource Processing: means the blasting, crushing, washing, screening, weighing, sorting, blending and/or refining of mineral resources.

Minister: means the member of the Executive Council to whom, for the time being, is assigned the administration of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007.*

Mobile Home: means a trailer coach:

- (a) that is used as a dwelling all year round;
- (b) that has water faucets and shower or other bathing facilities that may be connected to a water distribution system;
- (c) that has facilities for washing and a water closet or other similar facility that may be connected to a sewage system; and,
- (d) that conforms to *Canadian Standards Association, Construction Standard No. Z240.2.1-1979* and amendments thereto.

Mobile Home Court: means any parcel of land on which two or more occupied mobile homes are located and includes any structure used or intended to be used as part of the equipment of such mobile home court.

Mobile Home, Double Wide: means a mobile home consisting of two sections, separately towable, but designed to be joined together into one building.

Mobile Home, Single Wide: means a mobile home designed to be towed as a single load and less than 6.09 metres wide.

Mobile Home Site: means an area of land in a mobile home court for the placement of a mobile home.

Mobile Home Subdivision: means any residential subdivision of land containing lots under either freehold or leasehold tenure for the purpose of accommodating mobile homes in such a manner that each mobile home is situated on its own lot and in which all such lots, public open spaces, internal streets and lanes, buffer zones and other amenity areas form a contiguous area of development.

Modular Unit: means a factory built frame or shell which comprises supporting and non-supporting walls, siding and other components of a prefabricated home representing only a section of a dwelling and has neither chassis, running gear nor its own wheels.

Modular Home: means a factory built home that is manufactured as a whole or modular unit and is designed to be moved on a removable chassis to be used as a one unit dwelling, and is certified by the manufacturer that it complies with the Canadian Standards Association Code CSA-A277 standard.

Modular Home, Single Wide: means a modular home that is designed to be moved and placed onto a permanent foundation as a whole unit in a single load and which is less than 5 metres in width.

Modular Home, Double Wide: means a modular home that is designed to be moved and place onto a permanent foundation in two or more modular units that, when joined together, exceed 8 metres in width.

Motel: means an establishment consisting of a group of attached or detached living or sleeping accommodations each with a bathroom, located on a lot or site and designed for use by the public, and may include a restaurant or licensed dining room.

Motor Vehicle, Farm and Heavy Equipment Use: means any building, premises or land in which or upon which a business, service or industry involving the maintenance, servicing, storage or repair of commercial vehicles is conducted or rendered, including the dispensing of motor fuel or other petroleum products directly into moto vehicles and the sales of accessories or equipment for trucks or similar commercial vehicles.

Municipal Facility: means land and / or structures owned by the Municipality that are used for:

- (a) office and meeting space;
- (b) storage of municipal equipment and supplies;
- (c) recreation; and/or,
- (d) other institutional purposes.

Municipality: means The Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461.

Nacelle: means the framing and housing at the top of a wind tower that enclose the gearbox and generator.

Non-Conforming Building: means a building:

- (a) that is lawfully constructed or lawfully under construction, or in respect of which all required permits have been issued, at the date a Zoning Bylaw or any amendment to this Bylaw affecting the building or land on which the building is situated or will be situated becomes effective; and,
- (b) that on the date this Bylaw or any amendment to this Bylaw becomes effective does not, or when constructed will not, comply with this Bylaw.

Non-Conforming Site: means a site, consisting of one or more contiguous parcels, that on the day of a zoning bylaw or any amendment to a zoning bylaw becomes effective, contains a use that conforms to the bylaw, but the site area or site dimensions do not conform to the standards of the zoning bylaw for that use.

Non-Conforming Use: means a lawful specific use:

- (a) being made of land or a building or intended to be made of land or a building lawfully under construction, or in respect to which all required permits have been issued, on the date of this bylaw or any amendment hereto becomes effective; and,
- (b) that on the date this Bylaw or any amendment hereto becomes effective does not, or in the case of a building under construction or in respect of which all required permits have been issued, will not comply with this Bylaw.

Office and Office Building: means a building or part of a building used primarily for conducting the affairs of a business, profession, service, industry or government in which no goods or commodities of business trade are stored, transhipped, sold or processed.

Official Community Plan (OCP): means the *Official Community Plan* Bylaw, as most recently amended, for the Prince Albert Planning District

Outfitter Base Camp: means a commercial recreation facility that provides outfitting services by a licensed outfitter and which may include accommodation licensed under *The Public Accommodation Regulations* and the storage and provision of related outfitting equipment, or the dressing, butchering, cleaning or freezing of game or fish, as part of the service.

Outfitting Equipment: means equipment and supplies, including boats, canoes and other water vessels, aircraft, motor vehicles, motors, fuel, fishing and hunting gear and any other equipment for use in:

- (a) hunting, taking or catching wildlife;
- (b) angling, taking or catching fish; and/or,
- (c) ecotourism, including the viewing and photographing of natural areas, flora and fauna.

Parking Lot: means an open area of land, other than a street, used for the temporary parking of more than four vehicles and available for public use whether cost-free, for a fee or for accommodation of clients or customers.

Parking, Off-Street: means accommodation for the parking of vehicles off a public street or lane.

Parking Space, Vehicle: means a space within a building or parking lot for the parking of one vehicle, having minimum dimensions of 2.4 metres wide by 5.5 metres deep, and which has access to a developed street or lane.

Passive Recreation Use: means a recreational land use that does not require significant development upon the site and does not lessen the natural character of the area.

Permitted Use: means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw.

Personal Care Home: means a facility licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act* that provides long term residential, social and personal care, including accommodation, meals, supervision or assistance for persons who have some limits on ability for self-care, and are unrelated to the operator or owner.

Personal Service Shops: means establishments engaged in providing the care of a person or their apparel, which include barber shops, hairstyle salons, laundries, dry cleaners, shoe repair, photographic studios and other similar uses.

Photography Studio: means a place used for portrait or commercial photography, including the developing and processing of film, and the repair or maintenance of photographic equipment.

Place of Worship: means a place used for worship and related religious, philanthropic or social activities and includes accessory rectories, manses, meeting rooms and other buildings. Typical uses include churches, chapels, mosques, temples, synagogues and parish halls.

Preschool: means a facility which provides a program for preschool aged children.

Public Hospital: means a hospital operated by the Regional Health Authority.

Public Utility: means a government, municipality or corporation under Federal or Provincial statute which operates a public work.

Public Work: means:

- (a) systems for the production, distribution or transmission of electricity;
- (b) systems for the distribution, storage or transmission of natural gas or oil;
- (c) facilities for the storage, transmission, treatment, distribution or supply of water;
- (d) facilities for the collection, treatment, movement or disposal of sanitary sewage;
- (e) telephone, internet, cable television or light distribution or transmission lines; and,
- (f) facilities for the collection, storage, movement and disposal of storm drainage.

Principal Building: means the main building in which the principal use of the site is conducted.

Principal Use: means the main activities conducted on a site.

Public Utility: means a government, municipality or corporation under Federal or Provincial statute which operates a public work.

Recreational Facility: means a recreation or amusement facility open to the general public.

Recreation Vehicle: means a unit intended to provide temporary living accommodation for campers or travellers; built as part of, or to be towed by, a motor vehicle; and includes truck campers, motor homes, tent trailers and travel trailers.

Recycling Collection Depot: means a building or structure used for collection and temporary storage of recyclable household material such as bottles, cans, plastic containers and paper. The following shall not be allowed at a recycling collection depot:

- (a) processing of recyclable material other than compaction;
- (b) collection and storage of paints, oil, solvents or other hazardous material; nor,
- (c) outdoor compaction.

Reeve: means the Reeves of the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461.

Rental Suite: means dwelling unit located within, and accessory to, a single detached dwelling, including the development or conversion of basement space or above-grade space to a separate dwelling unit, or the addition of new floor space to an existing single detached dwelling.

Residential Care Facility: means a licensed or approved group care facility governed by Provincial regulations that provides, in a residential setting, 24 hour care of persons in need of personal services, supervision or assistance essential for sustaining the activities of daily living or for the protection of the individual.

Restaurant: means a place where food and beverages are prepared and served to patrons seated at tables or counters, in a motor vehicle on the premises, or for off-site consumption, and may include a drive-through service window.

Retail / Service Commercial: means the sale or display of merchandise to the public, including the storage of merchandise on or about the premises in quantities sufficient only to supply the establishment or establishments engaged in such merchandise sales, or providing the care of a person or their apparel and accessories, including but not limited to childcare services, beauty salons and barber shops, massage services, health clubs, tanning beds, spas, esthetician services, laundry services, laundromats, dry cleaning, shoe repair, tailor or seamstress services, photographic studios and other similar uses, including the provision of health related services.

Rotor: means the blades and hubs of a wind turbine that rotate during its operation.

Rural Municipal Administrator: means the Rural Municipal Administrator(s) for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461.

Safe Building Elevation (S.B.E.): means the level defined by The Ministry of Municipal Affairs at time of subdivision and by municipal bylaw to which flood-proofing must be undertaken for developments in the flood hazard area. The S.B.E. is calculated as the E.P.W.L. plus a freeboard value. The freeboard allows for uncertainties in the calculations, and for other possible hazards such as ice shove, ice jams, and erosion. The Saskatchewan Watershed Authority usually recommends a freeboard of 0.5 m for most situations. For dykes used as flood-proofing, a freeboard of 0.6 m is usually recommended. In areas with high uncertainty in the hydrology or hydraulic response of the lake or river, a freeboard of up to 1.0 m may be recommended.

School: means a body of pupils that is organized as a unit for educational purposes, that comprises one or more instructional groups or classes, together with the principal and teaching staff and other employees assigned to such body of pupils, and includes the land, buildings or other premises and permanent improvements used by and in connection with that body of pupils.

Screening: means a fence, wall, berm or planted vegetation located so as to visually shield or obscure one abutting area of use from another.

Service Station: means a place where petroleum products are kept for retail sales for automobiles and other motor vehicles and where repairs, rental, servicing, greasing, adjusting or equipping of automobiles or other motor vehicles may be performed, but not including painting, body work and major repairs.

Sight Triangle: means the triangular area formed, on corner sites, by the intersecting front and side site lines at a street intersection and the straight line joining said site lines.(refer to Figure 2-3).

Sign: means any writing (including letter or word), billboard, pictorial representation (including illustration or decoration), emblem (including devise, symbol or trademark), flag (including banner or pennant), or any other figure of similar character which:

- (a) is a structure or any part thereof, or is attached to, painted on, or in any manner represented on a building;
- (b) is used to announce, direct attention to, or advertise a use or building; or,
- (c) is visible from outside the building.



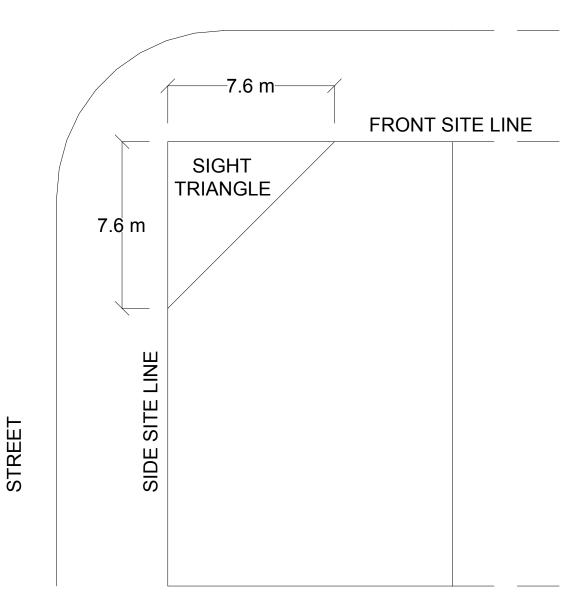


FIGURE 2-3: Sight Triangle

Sign, Area Identification: means a sign which identifies a cluster subdivision development or industrial area by means of a name, identifying symbol or logo, but does not include any advertising of companies, products or services.

Sign, Billboard: means a large poster panel with a maximum single sign face not to exceed 23.23 m^2 or a painted bulletin and includes any structure, panel, board or object designed exclusively to support such poster, panel, or a painted bulletin. These signs typically advertise off-site products and services.

Sign Face Area: means the area of the single face of any sign.

Sign, Portable: A portable, free-standing sign, mounted on a wide based frame, with a single sign face area no greater than 6.0 m, which can be readily moved or transported to various locations.

Sign, Temporary: means a removable sign erected for a period of time not exceeding six months.

Site: means one or more contiguous lots under one title and used, or intended to be used, by a single principal use.

Site, Corner: means a site at the intersection or junction of two (2) or more streets (refer to Figure 2-4).

Site, Interior: means a site other than a corner site (refer to Figure 2-4).

Site, Through: means a site not more than one lot in depth, having a frontage on two streets more or less parallel (refer to Figure 2-4).

Site Coverage: means that portion of the site that is covered by principal and accessory buildings.

Site Drainage Plan: means a plan which shows the existing and proposed topography of a site, with contour intervals and drawn to scale, with appropriate dimensions and sufficient spot elevations to adequately demonstrate to the Development Officer that the proposed drainage pattern will not have an adverse affect on neighbouring properties and streets.

Site Frontage:

(a)	for Rectangular Sites:	means the horizontal distance between the side site lines of the site measured along the front site line.
(b)	for Non-Rectangular Sites:	means the average of the horizontal distances between the side site lines of the site measured along the front and rear site lines.

Site Line, Front: means the boundary at the front of the site.

Site Line, Rear: means the boundary at the rear of the site and opposite the front site line.

Site Line, Side: means a site boundary other than a front or rear site line.

Street: means a public road or thoroughfare registered by plan of survey which affords the principal means of access to abutting property, but shall not include an easement or lane.

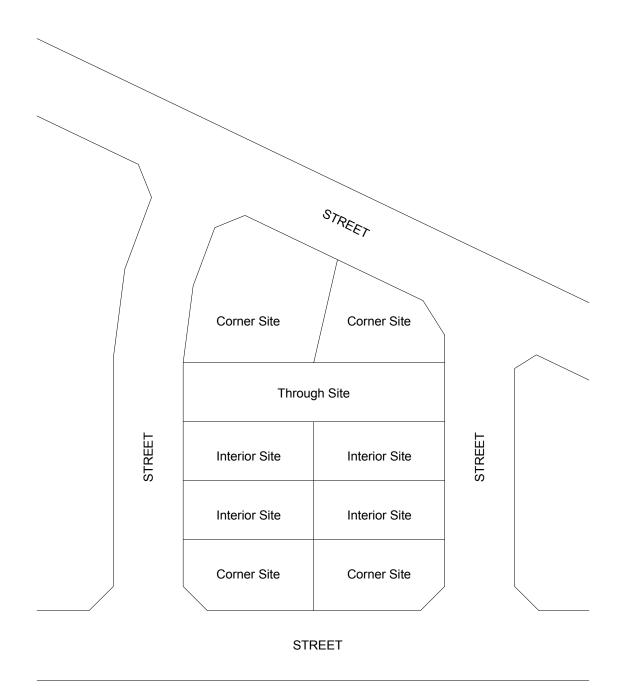


FIGURE 2-4: Illustration of Site Definition

Structure: means anything that is built, constructed, or erected, located in, on, or over the ground, or attached to something located in or over the ground.

Subdivision: means a division of land as described in the regulations pursuant to *The Land Surveys Act*, 2000.

Telecommunications Facility: mean:

- (a) microwave towers, including mobile (cellular) phone towers and associated facilities;
- (b) internet receiving and/or transmittal towers and associated facilities;
- (c) radar stations;
- (d) radio and television towers and associated facilities; and,
- (e) any other tower or structure used for receiving and/or transmitting electromagnetic radiation.

Temporary Building: means a building without a foundation or footing, and that is to be removed upon expiration of a designated time period.

Temporary Use: means a use established for a fixed period of time and that is to be discontinued upon the expiration of the time period specified for that use.

Temporary Work Camp: means a temporary residential complex used to house camp workers by various contracting firms on a temporary basis of more than 28 days and less then one (1) year. The camp is usually made up of a number of mobile units, clustered in such fashion as to provide sleeping, eating, recreation and other basic living facilities.

Tourism Base Camp: means a commercial recreation facility which provides outfitting services for the viewing of natural areas and wildlife, but not including services for hunting, taking, catching or angling of wildlife or fish, and which may include accommodation licensed under *The Public Accommodation Regulations* and the storage and provision of related outfitting equipment.

Tourist Camp: means a facility which has two or more cabins for the accommodation of the travelling public and may also have provision for the accommodation of trailers, tent trailers, tents and recreational vehicles.

Training Centre: means an establishment which conducts technical training and instruction in a technical subject or trade.

Trailer Coach: means any vehicle used or constructed in such a way as to enable it to be used as a conveyance upon public roads or highways and includes a self-propelled or non-self-propelled vehicle designed, constructed or reconstructed in such a manner as to permit occupancy as a dwelling or sleeping place for one or more persons notwithstanding that its running gear is removed or that it is jacked-up.

Trailer Court: means a site for the accommodation of two or more camp sites for trailer coaches, including any building or structure used or intended for use as part of the equipment for such trailer court, but does not include an industrial or construction camp.

Trapping: means the taking of fur animals by a trapper licensed under the *Wildlife Act, 1998* and associated regulations, by means of traps, where the trapper has several traps operating at one time and checks them in a planned and regular manner, and may include temporary accessory buildings secondary and accessory to the use.

Tree Nursery: means the use of land for raising shrubs, trees and bedding plants.

Truck Stop: means any building, premises, or land in which or upon which a business, service, or industry involving the maintenance, servicing, storage, or repair of commercial vehicles is conducted or rendered, including the dispensing of motor fuel or other petroleum products directly into motor vehicles and the sales of accessories or equipment for trucks or similar commercial vehicles. A truck stop shall also be defined to include those overnight accommodations and restaurant facilities primarily for the use of truck crews.

Use: means the purpose or activity for which a piece of land or its buildings is designed, arranged or intended, occupied or maintained.

Use, Agricultural Related Commercial: means a service to the agricultural community such as grain and seed cleaning and drying, fertilizer distribution, implement and machinery assemblage, sale and service, veterinary clinics, hatcheries, apiaries, bulk fuel sales, stock yards, feed mills, oil seed processing plants, and other similar uses.

Use, General Industrial: means any of the following activities:

- (a) the processing of raw or finished materials;
- (b) the manufacturing or assembly of goods, products or equipment;
- (c) the cleaning, servicing, repairing or testing of materials, goods and equipment normally associated with industrial or commercial businesses or cleaning, servicing and repair operations to goods and equipment associated with personal or household use, where such operations have impacts that would make them incompatible with non-industrial development;
- (d) the storage or transshipping of materials, goods and equipment, including warehouses;
- (e) the training of personnel in general industrial operations; or,
- (f) indoor display, office, technical or administrative support areas or any sales operation accessory to the general industrial use.

Use, Hazardous Industrial: means an industrial use involving the manufacturing, storage, processing, transhipment, collection, treatment or disposal of hazardous materials or chemicals (specifically excluding agricultural fertilizer, herbicide or pesticide warehousing and/or sales facilities, depots for the collection of farm chemical containers, and ethanol and biodiesel plants and associated production facilities).

Veterinary Clinic: means a place for the care and treatment of small and/or large animals involving outpatient care and medical procedures involving hospitalization, and may include the keeping of animals in outdoor pens.

Warehouse: means a building used primarily for the storage of goods and materials.

Wholesale Establishment: means the sale of commodities to retailers or jobbers and shall include the sale of commodities for the purpose of carrying on any trade or business.

Waste Management or Disposal Facility, Liquid: means a facility to accommodate any waste which contains animal, mineral or vegetable matter in solution or suspension, but does not include a manure storage area for an intensive livestock operation.

Waste Management or Disposal Facility, Solid: means a facility, not including a waste transfer station, to accommodate discarded materials, substances or objects which originated from residential, commercial, institutional and industrial sources which are typically disposed of in municipal or private landfills, but not including dangerous goods, hazardous waste or biomedical waste.

Wildlife Management Activities: means activities involved in the proper management of an area or region for the continuous production of wildlife therefrom.

Wind Energy Conversion Facility: means a single wind turbine and all equipment, machinery and structures utilized in connection with the conversion of wind to electrical energy. This includes, but is not limited to, all associated transmission, storage, collection and supply equipment, substations, transformers, site access, service roads and machinery.

Wind Farm: means a wind energy conversion facility consisting of two or more wind turbines.

Wind Turbine: means a device that converts kinetic energy of the wind into rotational energy to turn an electrical generator shaft. A wind turbine typically consists of a rotor, nacelle and supporting tower. The height of a wind turbine tower is measured from the base of the tower foundation to the highest point of the blades at their apex.

Yard: means an unoccupied space open to the sky on the same site with a building or structure.

Yard, Front: means that part of a site which extends across the full width of a site between the front site line and the nearest main wall of a building or structure.

Yard, Rear: means that part of a site which extends across the full width of a site between the rear site line and the nearest main wall of a building or structure.

Yard, Required: means the minimum yard required by this Bylaw and within which, unless specifically permitted, no building or structure, or part of a building or structure shall be erected.

Yard, Side: means the part of a site which extends from a front yard to the rear yard between the side line of a site and the nearest main wall of a building or structure.

Zoning District: means a specifically delineated area of the municipality within which certain uniform requirements and regulations or various combinations thereof govern the use, placement, spacing and size of land and structures.

3.1 DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

The Rural Municipal Administrator (Administrator) shall be the development officer responsible for the administration of this Bylaw. The Administrator may appoint a Development Officer subject to the approval of Council, to whom duties in the administration of the Zoning Bylaw may be delegated.

3.2 APPLICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

- 3.2.1 No person shall undertake a development or commence a use unless a Development Permit has first been obtained, except as provided in Section 3.3. A Development Permit cannot be issued in contravention of any of the provisions of this Bylaw subject to Sections 213 to 227 of *The Act*.
- 3.2.2 Farm residences require a development permit.
- 3.2.3 Intensive livestock and poultry operations with 100 or more animal units shall be considered intensive livestock operations under this bylaw and will also require a development permit.

3.3 DEVELOPMENTS NOT REQUIRING A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

- 3.3.1 Development listed in Section 3.3.2 of this Bylaw must be allowed in the zoning district in which they are located and must comply with the regulations of this Bylaw.
- 3.3.2 Developments which do not require a development permit include:
 - (1) Accessory Farm Buildings and Structures

Farm buildings and structures, where accessory to a permitted agricultural use, excluding Intensive Livestock Operation structures and new dwellings.

(2) <u>Small Accessory Buildings</u>

Single storey accessory buildings with a building floor area less than 9.3 m².

(3) <u>Public Works</u>

Any operation for the purposes of inspecting, repairing, or renewing sewers, mains, cables, pipes, wires, tracks or similar public works as required by a public utility, and the installation of service connections to property in the municipality.

Note: a permit is required for the installation of all new transmission lines associated with facilities and systems for public works as defined herein.

(4) <u>Municipal Facilities</u>

Any facility, including buildings and structures, installed and operated by the Rural Municipality.

(5) <u>Maintenance</u>

Maintenance and repairs that do not include any structural alterations.

- (6) <u>Fences</u>
- (7) <u>Trapping</u>
- (8) <u>Temporary Confinement of Livestock</u>

The temporary confinement of livestock during the winter months as part of a farm operation which has been issued a valid development permit.

3.4 OTHER PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

- 3.4.1 A building permit shall not be issued unless a Development Permit, where required, has been issued.
- 3.4.2 Nothing in this Bylaw shall exempt any person from complying with the requirements of a building bylaw or any other bylaw in force within the municipality, or from obtaining permission required by this or any other law or bylaw in the municipality, the province or the federal government.
- 3.4.3 Where the provisions in this Bylaw conflict with those of any other municipal, provincial or federal requirement, the higher and/or more stringent standards shall prevail.

3.5 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

- 3.5.1 Applications for a development permit and applications for a discretionary use, with the exception of applications for a home based business, shall be accompanied by the following:
 - (1) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of the applicant, property owner and person or consultant who prepared the plans being submitted, including a local contact person.
 - (2) the proposed use of the site or building to be constructed, or the proposed use of the existing building floor area to be altered or occupied, including the area of the proposed building or renovations.
 - (3) the complete legal description of the subject property.
 - (4) a copy of a site plan, drawn to scale with appropriate dimensions, showing the following information:
 - (a) north arrow, roads adjacent to the site, all property boundaries, identified frontage of site, site area, site elevations, and the location of any existing buildings, structures, utility poles and wires, underground utilities, easements, building encroachments, and type and location of existing trees;
 - (b) the location and size of proposed buildings or structures, including all front, side and rear yard setback dimensions where relevant;

- (c) the location and size of all entrances and exits to the site;
- (d) the method and location of on-site sewage disposal facilities and, where proposed, manure storage facilities, including a valid sewage disposal permit issued by Public Health; and,
- 3.5.2 For certain developments or discretionary uses, additional information shall be required in support of the application, as follows:
 - (1) the applicant for a development permit for a mobile home court, campground, tourism base camp, tourist camp, outfitter base camp or trailer court shall provide the Development Officer with a plan of the site, identifying any buildings, uses of land and the location of all roadways, buildings, structures, mobile home sites and campsites with dimensions. The addition or rearrangement of sites or accommodation facilities, the construction or moving of buildings, material changes in use of portions of land, or the filling or clearing of land shall require a development permit, and the applicant shall submit for approval an amended plan incorporating the proposed development;
 - (2) an applicant for a discretionary use approval for an intensive livestock operation (ILO) shall provide documentation, to Council's satisfaction:
 - (a) of distances to the nearest land uses, development types and municipal limits, whether within the municipality or within an adjacent municipalities, listed in "Table 6-1 Required Separation Distances Between Uses" of the *Official Community Plan* and measured as specified in the notes to that table;
 - (b) that the water supply is sufficient for the development and that the supply for neighbouring developments will not be adversely affected by the proposed operation;
 - (c) of proposed methods of manure management, including on-site storage or stockpiling, transportation, and spreading, incorporation or disposal;
 - (d) of proposed odour management and control measures, including proposed odour management and control related to earthen manure storage facilities and liquid manure lagoons, and odour management and control measures related to the ventilation of hog or poultry barns;
 - (e) of the location and extent of sufficient lands to be used for the spreading of manure from the ILO, as well as proposals for the annual confirmation of the continued availability of such lands;
 - (f) of the proposed methodology for monitoring on-site and neighbouring wells for water quality and quantity purposes after the ILO has begun operation, and for reporting on same to Council; and,
 - (g) with applications for wild boar operations, of a containment plan, setting out in detail the techniques and methods to be used to keep the wild boars contained.

- (3) an applicant for a discretionary use application for an intensive agricultural operation where intensive irrigation is required shall provide documentation, to Council's satisfaction, that the water supply is sufficient for the development and that the supply for neighbouring developments will not be adversely affected by the proposed operation.
- (4) an applicant for a discretionary use approval for a commercial or industrial use may be required to provide documentation, to Council's satisfaction, as specified in Section 3.7.3(9) of the *Official Community Plan* and documentation that the locational criteria in Section 3.7.3(7) of the *Official Community Plan* are satisfied.
- (5) an applicant for a discretionary use approval for a hazardous industrial use shall provide documentation, to Council's satisfaction:
 - (a) of distances to the nearest land uses, development types and municipal limits, whether within the Municipality or within an adjacent municipality, listed in "Table 6-1 Required Separation Distances Between Uses" of the *Official Community Plan* and measured as specified in the notes to that table (refer to Section 3.7.3(12) of the *Official Community Plan*); and,
 - (b) of the distance to the nearest permanent surface water course or permanent water body.
- (6) An applicant for a discretionary use approval for a public work in the form of a solid or liquid waste management or disposal facility shall provide documentation, to Council's satisfaction:
 - (a) of distances to the nearest land uses, development types and municipal limits, whether within the municipality or within an adjacent municipalities, listed in "Table 6-1 Required Separation Distances Between Uses" of the *Official Community Plan* and measured as specified in the notes to that table (refer to Section 3.2.3(9) of the *Official Community Plan*).
- (7) An application for any new communal water system or communal sewer system shall include a copy of the system drawings, as required by the *Public Health Act, 1994* and associated regulations or *The Environmental Management and Protection Act* and associated regulations.
- (8) An application for a dwelling in any country residential zoning district shall provide a copy of a site drainage plan, drawn to scale, with appropriate dimensions except for the following:
 - (a) development that does not involve the erection of any buildings or changes in site grades.

- (a) A site location plan showing the subject property, adjacent roads, railways, telecommunications facilities (to ensure avoidance of microwave transmission corridors), property lines and all habitable buildings within one (1) one mile of the proposal.
- (b) A detailed site plan drawn to scale showing the location of the proposed wind turbine(s) and all associated facilities indicating cable locations for domestic useage and power grid connections, existing vegetation, proposed access and landscaping.
- (c) Confirmation of site ownership by the proponent or where the land is not owned by the proponent evidence of site control and right to access through provisions of a lease or easement agreement with the owner.
- (d) Proponents are responsible for obtaining any required federal or provincial permits, licences and approvals for construction and maintenance of wind energy conversion facilities and must remit a copy to the municipality.
- (e) Details respecting the colour and markings for the proposed tower including required lighting in accordance with federal aviation requirements.
- (f) Validation by a professional engineer of the structural integrity of the proposed supporting tower and foundation or a description of required manufacturing specifications.
- (g) For wind energy conversion facilities consisting of two or more wind turbines additional information may be required respecting:
 - (i) illustration of sight line vistas from residential buildings within one (1) mile of the proposed development utilizing photographic representations of the development area;
 - (ii) a decommissioning plan addressing the manner of physical removal of the facility, removal of any hazardous materials and site restoration to a natural condition, should the use of the facility be discontinued.
- (10) An application for excavating, stripping or grading of sand, gravel, clay or similar materials, such as gravel pits and gravel crushing operations, shall include the following documentation:
 - (a) a plan showing the location of the area of the operation relative to the site boundaries, the depth of excavation, and the quantity of material to be removed;
 - (b) a plan showing the distances to the adjoining land uses as listed in "Table 6-1 -Required Separation Distances Between Uses" of the *Official Community Plan*;
 - (c) a description of the excavation, stripping or grading operation proposed;

- (d) a detailed timing and phasing program covering the time span of the proposed operation;
- (e) a description of reclamation and rehabilitation measures to be conducted both during and following the operation consistent with *The Reclamation Guidelines for Sand and Gravel Operations* provided by the Ministry of Environment. Those guidelines recommend that "reclamation practises should ensure a physical stabilization of the soils and achieve a sustainable land use so that the land may be returned to a productive state as soon as possible after the operation has completed", and that "reclamation operations should be carried out concurrently with extraction".
- (f) a description of the measures to be taken for the prevention and lessening of dust and other nuisances during and after the operation; and,
- (g) road maintenance measures and proposed truck routes;

Council may impose requirements in addition to those set out above. Council may also require a performance bond by any person or company undertaking any work outlined in Section 3.5.2 (10) to ensure that the development is carried out in the manner specified. The amount of the performance bond is to be set at the discretion of Council

Council shall enter into a formal Road Maintenance Agreement with the Developer or Contractor.

<u>3.6</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION PROCESS</u>

- 3.6.1 The Development Officer shall review all applications for completeness and shall inform an applicant whose application is not complete, of the information or documentation required to complete the application, and that the application will not be considered until it is complete.
- 3.6.2 The Development Officer may submit any application to Council for a decision on the interpretation of the bylaw, or on special conditions provided in the bylaw, and shall inform the applicant of this action. Council or the Development Officer may require the applicant to provide such further information as may be required to make a decision.
- 3.6.3 Upon completion of the review of a complete application for development, the Development Officer shall issue a development permit for a development that complies in all respects with the requirements of this Zoning Bylaw, the *Official Community Plan* and *The Planning and Development Act, 2007.*
- 3.6.4 Where an application is made for a development permit with respect to a development for a discretionary use which has been approved by Council, the Development Officer shall issue a development permit subject to any specified development standards prescribed by Council pursuant to Section 56(3) of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*.
- 3.6.5 Every decision of the Development Officer with respect to an application for a development permit shall be in writing and a copy of the decision shall be sent to the applicant.

- 3.6.6 The Development Officer may revoke a development permit where:
 - (1) the development permit has been issued in error; and/or,
 - (2) an approved development is not being developed or operated in accordance with the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw, or in accordance with the standards and conditions specified in the development permit.
- 3.6.7 The Development Officer shall give the reasons for denying or revoking a development permit.

3.7 DISCRETIONARY USE APPLICATIONS

- 3.7.1 The following procedures shall apply to discretionary use applications:
 - (1) The Development Officer shall review all applications for completeness and shall inform an applicant whose application is not complete, of the information or documentation required to complete the application, and that the application will not be considered until it is complete.
 - (2) The application will be reviewed by the Development Officer for conformance with the *Official Community Plan*, this Zoning Bylaw and any other applicable policies and regulations, and will refer the application, along with a written report documenting the results of the review, to Council.
 - (3) Council will review the application and Development Officer's report and may request comments or information from other government agencies to assist in Council's review of the application, where appropriate.
 - (4) When Council has received requested comments or information from other agencies, the Development Officer shall set a date, time and location of the Council meeting at which the application will be considered.

(5) Advertising Discretionary Use Applications

- (a) In accordance with Section 55 (1) of *The Act*, the Development Officer shall advertise the proposed discretionary use by mailing a copy of a notice of the application to the assessed owner of each property within 75 metres of the proposed discretionary use.
- (b) In addition to the requirements set out in 3.7.1 (5) (a), the Development Officer shall advertise the proposed discretionary use by mailing a copy of a notice of the application to the assessed owner of each property within 1.62 kilometres of the proposed discretionary use for the following:
 - (i) any discretionary residence or any ancillary use, whether permitted or discretionary, to a farm operation or residence;
 - (ii) a commercial use in a hamlet or residential district;

- (iii) any new intensive livestock operation or expansion or alteration to an intensive livestock operation; or,
- (iii) kennels.
- (6) In addition to the mailing of the notice specified in Section 3.7.1 (5), all discretionary uses require that the Development Officer prepare an on-site notification poster, which must be placed on the site by the applicant and must remain on the site until the application is considered by Council.
- (7) The notices described in Sections 3.7.1 (5) and 3.7.1 (6) shall describe the use applied for, describe the location of the use and specify the date, time and location of the Council meeting at which the application will be considered.
- (8) The notices described in (5) and (6) above shall be mailed and posted no less than two weeks prior to the date of the Council meeting at which the application will be considered.

3.7.2 Discretionary Use Evaluation Criteria

Council will apply the following general criteria in the assessment of the suitability of an application for a discretionary use or discretionary form of development:

- (1) The proposal must be in conformance with all relevant sections of the *Official Community Plan* and Zoning Bylaw and must demonstrate that it will maintain the character, density and purpose of the zoning district where necessary through the provisions of buffer areas, separation and screening.
- (2) The proposal must be capable of being economically serviced by community infrastructure including roadways, water and sewer services, solid waste disposal, parks, schools, and other utilities and community facilities.
- (3) The proposal must not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity or injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity.

3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals

- (1) Discretionary uses, discretionary forms of development, and associated accessory uses are subject to the development standards and applicable provision of the zoning district in which they are located. In approving a discretionary use application, Council may prescribe specific development standards to minimize land use conflict with respect to:
 - (a) site drainage of storm water;
 - (b) the location of buildings with respect to buildings on adjacent property;
 - (c) access to, number and location of parking and loading facilities including adequate vehicular access;

- (d) control of noise, glare, dust and odour; and,
- (e) the size, shape and arrangement of buildings, and the placement and arrangement of lighting and signs to ensure compatibility with the height, scale, setbacks and design of buildings in the surrounding area, and with land uses in the general area.
- (2) Council may approve discretionary use applications for a limited period of time where it is considered important to monitor and reevaluate the proposal and its conformance with the objectives of this Bylaw.
- (3) Prior to issuance of a development permit for the establishment of a gravel pit or gravel crushing operation, Council may require the developer to enter into an agreement, pursuant to Section 235 of *The Act*, to define the responsibilities of the operator and operation requirements. Any of the following criteria, along with any additional criteria in accordance with an agreement set by Council and the developer, may be prescribed in such an agreement:
 - (a) Conditions respecting the operation of the pit or quarry;
 - (b) Responsibilities of the developer and/or operator concerning the reclamation of the site;
 - (c) The routing of trucks to and from the site;
 - (d) The planting of trees on and/or near the site, and/or in another location to the satisfaction of Council;
 - (e) The erection of fencing and signs;
 - (f) The maintenance of municipal roadways; and/or,
 - (g) The posting by the developer of a performance bond to guarantee adherence to the above or any other requirements that Council may specify.
- (4) Council's approval of a discretionary use application is valid for a period of 12 months from the date of the approval. An approval shall be deemed to be invalid if the proposed use or proposed form of development has not commenced within that time or if the Council determines, within the 12 month period, that the proposed development is not proceeding in accordance with the terms and conditions of its approval. The Development Officer shall advise the applicant and Council when a prior approval is no longer valid.
- (5) Council may direct that a discretionary use permit extension be granted for an additional 12 month period by the Development Officer.
- (6) If an approved discretionary use or form of development ceases to operate for a period of 12 consecutive months or more, the discretionary use approval shall no longer be valid. The Development Officer shall advise the owner and Council when a prior approval is no longer valid.

3.7.4 Expired Approval

(1) Where Council has approved a discretionary use for a limited time, as provided in this Bylaw, and that time period has expired, that use of land and/or use of buildings on that land shall cease until such time as Council gives a new discretionary use approval and a new development permit is issued.

3.8 VALIDITY OF A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

- 3.8.1 If development authorized by a development permit is not commenced within twelve (12) months of the date of issue, the permit ceases to be valid.
- 3.8.2 A development permit extension may be granted for an additional twelve (12) month period by the Development Officer.
- 3.8.3 Where a discretionary use approval has been issued by Council for a garden suite for a specific 24 month period, the associated development permit issued for the garden suite shall cease to be valid 24 months from the date of its issuance.

3.9 AMENDING THE ZONING BYLAW

- 3.9.1 Any person seeking to amend this Zoning Bylaw may submit an application for such amendment and, upon payment of the required fee, the Development Officer shall refer such application to Council for consideration.
- 3.9.2 Council may authorize an amendment to a zoning bylaw, and that amendment shall be adopted by bylaw.
- 3.9.3 Sections 206 212 of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*, shall govern the process to be followed with respect to public notice and public participation in the adoption of a bylaw proposed to amend this Zoning Bylaw.

3.10 DEVELOPMENT APPEALS BOARD

- 3.10.1 Council shall appoint a Development Appeals Board in accordance with Sections 49(j) and 213 to 227 of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*.
- 3.10.2 A person who wishes to appeal to the Development Appeals Board shall, within 30 days of the date of issuance of or refusal to issue a development permit, file a written notice of intention to appeal, and the appeal fee, with the secretary of the Development Appeals Board.
- 3.10.3 A person whose application for a discretionary use or development has been approved with prescribed development standards may appeal any development standards considered excessive, to the Development Appeals Board.
- 3.10.4 An appellant shall make the appeal within 30 days of the date of the issuance of, or refusal to issue, a development permit.
- 3.10.5 Nothing in this section authorizes a person to appeal a decision of the council:
 - (1) refusing to rezone land; or,
 - (2) rejecting an application for approval of a discretionary use.

3.11 MINOR VARIANCES

- 3.11.1 Council may grant a variance of up to 10% of any yard requirement or minimum required distances between buildings for a use that conforms to this bylaw. All such variances shall be subject to the conditions and granted in accordance with the procedures contained in Section 60 of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*.
- 3.11.2 Council shall maintain a registry of the location and all relevant details of the granting of such variances.

3.12 FEES

3.12.1 Amendment of the Zoning Bylaw

In addition to an application fee, where a person requests Council to amend the Zoning Bylaw, that person shall pay to the municipality a fee equal to the costs associated with the public advertisement of the proposed amendment and the costs associated with providing direct written notice to owners of land that is the subject of the proposed amendment.

3.12.2 Application fees

(vii)

(1) An applicant for a development permit shall pay an application fee in accordance with the following:

(i) Permitted principal use:	\$100.00
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- (ii) Permitted accessory use: \$100.00
- (iii) Permitted ancillary use: \$100.00
- (iv) Discretionary principal use \$200.00
- (v) Discretionary accessory use \$200.00
- (vi) Discretionary ancillary use: \$200.00
 - Development Appeal Fee up to \$100.00 as specified by the Development Appeals Board.

These fees shall be in addition to any fee required by Section 3.12.1 above.

- (2) Where a person applies to Council to amend the Zoning Bylaw, that person shall pay to the municipality the following application fees, where applicable:
 - (i) Text amendments: \$200
 - (ii) Map amendments: Class 1 Districts: A, CON1, CON2 Class 2 Districts: C1, C2, M Class 3 Districts: H, CR1, CR2, CR3, CR4

Zonir	ng Map	То					
Amen	dments	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3			
	Class 1	\$200	\$400	\$600			
From	Class 2	\$200	\$400	\$600			
	Class 3	\$200	\$400	\$600			

Where an application to amend the Zoning Bylaw involves amendment within two or more of the above categories the sum of the amendment fees shall apply for all categories.

These fees shall be in addition to any fee required by Section 3.12.1 above.

<u>3.13</u> ZONING BY AGREEMENT

3.13.1 A zoning designation which is subject to an agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of Section 69 of *The Act* and Section 5.1.4 of the *Official Community Plan*, shall be indicated on the Zoning District Map by the addition of the bylaw number authorizing the agreement after the zoning district designation.

3.14 OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

- 3.14.1 Pursuant to Section 242(4) of *The Act*, the Development Officer may issue a stop work order for the development that contravenes this bylaw to achieve bylaw compliance.
- 3.14.2 Any person who violates this Bylaw is guilty of an offence and is liable, on summary conviction, to the penalties provided by Section 243 of *The Act*.

4 GENERAL REGULATIONS

Except as noted, the following regulations shall apply to all zoning districts in this bylaw:

4.1 FRONTAGE ON THE ROAD

A development permit shall not be issued unless the site intended to be used, or upon which a building or structure is to be erected, abuts, or has frontage on a graded all-weather registered road, or unless satisfactory arrangements have been made with Council for the improvement or building of a road, where required.

4.2 DEVELOPMENT ON HAZARD LANDS

- 4.2.1 Where a proposed development of a building is to be located on land considered by Council to be potentially hazardous, including but not limited to a wetland, water body or watercourse where flooding may occur, the lands shall be deemed "hazardous" and Council shall require the applicant to submit sufficient topographic information to determine if the development will be within 50 metres of:
 - (1) any slope(s) that may be unstable;
 - (2) any river or stream flood plain; and/or,
 - (3) any other land that may be subject to flooding.
- 4.2.2 Council may require that before a permit may be issued, the applicant shall submit a report prepared by a professional competent to assess the suitability of the site for a development described in Section 4.2.1, and which in the opinion of Council, shows that the proposed site and development is suitable with respect to the following where relevant:
 - (1) the potential for flooding up to the Safe Building Elevation, to be determined from specific site investigations, or where not involving any building, such lower elevation as may be suitable for the proposed use;
 - (2) the potential for slope instability; and/or
 - (3) the required mitigation measures for construction on areas of high water tables, in slopes or on contaminated sites if any.
- 4.2.3 Actions identified in an assessment prepared pursuant to Section 4.2.2 which prevent, change, mitigate or remedy hazards in lands deemed hazardous may be incorporated as conditions to issuance of any development permit that may be issued. Council shall refuse a permit for any development for which, in Council's opinion, the proposed actions are inadequate to address the adverse effects or will result in excessive municipal costs.

4.3 BUILDING TO BE MOVED

4.3.1 No building shall be moved within, or into, the municipality, without first obtaining a development permit, except as provided in Section 3.3, from the Development Officer.

4.4 WASTE DISPOSAL

4.4.1 No development or use of land which requires sewage disposal or landfill facilities shall be permitted unless those facilities are approved by the Regional Health Authority and/or Saskatchewan Environment. Disposal of liquid, solid, or gaseous waste shall be governed by Acts administered by the Departments of Agriculture and Food, Environment, Health and the Saskatchewan Watershed Authority.

4.5 WATER

4.5.1 No development or use of land shall be permitted where the proposal will adversely affect domestic and municipal water supplies, or where a suitable, potable water supply cannot be furnished to the requirements of the Regional Health Authority and/or the Saskatchewan Watershed Authority.

4.6 STORAGE OF CHEMICALS, FERTILIZERS AND COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS

4.6.1 The storage of chemicals, fertilizers and combustible materials are subject to the requirements of both the federal and provincial governments. All necessary approvals from other regulatory agencies must be obtained prior to issuance of a development permit. Development permit conditions may include the requirement that all permits or licenses required by other regulatory agencies be obtained before development proceeds.

4.7 ONE PRINCIPAL BUILDING PERMITTED ON A SITE

- 4.7.1 Not more than one principal building shall be permitted on any one site except for:
 - (1) public works;
 - (2) institutional uses;
 - (3) agricultural uses;
 - (4) dwelling groups;
 - (5) mobile homes in mobile home courts;
 - (6) recreation facilities;
 - (7) schools; and,
 - (8) ancillary uses as specifically provided for in this Bylaw.

4.8 NON-CONFORMING BUILDINGS, SITES AND USES

- 4.8.1 The adoption or amendment of this bylaw does not affect non-conforming buildings, sites and uses.
- 4.8.2 The provisions of *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*, Sections 88 to 93 inclusive, shall apply to all non-conforming buildings and uses.
- 4.8.3 Non-conforming buildings or sites may continue to be used, maintained and repaired in their present form.

4.9 MOBILE HOMES AND MODULAR HOMES

- 4.9.1 Wherever a single detached dwelling is allowed in any non-residential district, it may be in the form of a mobile home, or a modular home subject to Sections 4.9.2, 4.9.3 and 4.9.4.
- 4.9.2 Every mobile home shall bear CSA Z240 certification, or a replacement thereof, and shall be attached to a permanent foundation, or securely anchored to the ground and skirted, prior to occupancy.
- 4.9.3 Every modular home shall bear CSA A277 certification, or a replacement thereof, and shall be attached to a permanent foundation.
- 4.9.4 Mobile homes are prohibited in Country Residential zoning districts.

4.10 REGULATIONS FOR SIGNS AND BILLBOARDS

4.10.1 Signs Located in Highway Sign Corridor

(1) Signs located in a highway sign corridor shall be regulated by the requirements of "*The Erection of Signs Adjacent to Provincial Highway Regulations, 1986*" and amendments thereto, as well as Sections 4.10.2 through 4.10.10.

4.10.2 Signs Not Requiring a Sign Permit

- (1) Government signs, memorial signs, signs identifying residential occupants or addresses and directional signs that bear no advertising, including traffic control, no trespassing, hunting restriction, and similar signs, are permitted, and do not require a permit.
- (2) Temporary signs and real estate signs are permitted only as long as the temporary condition exists for the property.
- (3) A fascia sign which is attached to a building other than a dwelling that indicates the name or address of the building, the name of the person or institution occupying the building and the activities carried out in the building, including hours of operation and rates charged, provided that the sign face area does not exceed 1.5 m².
- (4) A fascia sign attached to a dwelling identifying the name of a home-based business or farmbased business for which a permit has been issued, provided that the sign face area does not exceed 0.4 m².
- (5) Murals or works of art which contain no advertising.

4.10.3 Application for Sign Permits

(1) Applications for sign permits must be made in writing to the Development Officer by the owner, lessee or authorized agent of the building or premises on which the sign is to be erected. The written application shall be accompanied by plans, specifications, construction details and other information sufficient to inform the Development Officer of the exact nature and location of the intended sign.

(2) Prior to issuing a sign permit for a free standing, projecting or roof sign, the Development Officer may require that the supplementary documentation described in (1) above, contain the professional stamp of a certified professional engineer qualified to certify that the sign design satisfies all relevant legislation, codes and Bylaws.

4.10.4 **Permit and Licence Fees**

(1) <u>Permanent Signs</u>

\$30.00 for the first \$5,000 of sign construction value; and,

\$5.00 for every \$1,000 of sign construction value in excess of \$5,000.

(2) Portable Signs

An licence fee of \$25.00 valid for twelve months following the issuance of the permit.

4.10.5 General Sign Regulations

- (1) Signs shall not be located in sight triangles for intersections or driveways or in such a manner that they visually obstruct sight triangles or otherwise jeopardize public safety.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided, no sign shall project beyond the property lines of the site to which it pertains.
- (3) Any sign may only advertise agricultural commercial uses, home based businesses, the principal use of a site, or the principal products offered for sale on a site.
- (4) All private signs shall be located so that no part of the sign is over a public right of way.
- (5) Any permitted external lighting used to illuminate a sign shall be directed away from vehicular thoroughfares and pedestrian pathways.
- (6) Signs shall not be erected, attached or maintained upon trees or utility poles, or drawn or painted on rocks or other natural features.
- (7) Third-party advertising signs, including signs affixed to or painted on a vehicle or trailer, shall be prohibited in all zoning districts, except signs in the highway sign corridor which comply with the rest of Section 4.10.

4.10.6 Licensing of Portable Signs

- (1) Portable signs intended for rental or lease at more than one site during a 12 month period, or located at more than one site during a 12 month period must be licensed.
- (2) The annual licence shall be in the form of a licence sticker which must be affixed anywhere on the top third of the sign on the end or face closest to the street.
- (3) A licence sticker is not transferable from one portable sign to another.

4.10.7 Denying or Revoking Sign Permits

- (1) The Development Officer may deny or revoke a sign permit for any of the following reasons:
 - (a) erection of the sign has not commenced within three months from the date of issue of the permit;
 - (b) the sign does not conform to all relevant provisions of this Bylaw;
 - (c) the sign being constructed or erected does not conform to the approved drawings; and/or,
 - (d) the sign is not in a proper state of repair.

4.10.8 Signs in Hamlet, Residential and Conservation Districts

- (1) Sign provisions applying to permitted principal residential uses, commercial uses and community service uses in any Hamlet, Country Residential or Mobile Home Residential district, or in any Conservation district are set out in Table 4-1. The following provisions also apply:
 - (a) no roof signs shall be permitted;
 - (b) illuminated signs shall have a steady internal light source or a steady external light source shielded so that the light is directed only at the face of the sign;
 - (c) signs applying to community service uses must not be illuminated between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.
 - (d) signs applying to community service uses must not display advertising of any commercial service or product; and.
 - (e) One Area Identification Sign of a maximum area of 8 metres square, and not exceeding 2.5 metres in height may be erected on one lot of a cluster subdivision development, at the discretion of council, providing that endorsement is obtained from the lot owner and any affected Community Association. No less than 40% of any sign face must be devoted to the neighbourhood name.

<u>Table 4-1</u> SIGN REGULATIONS IN HAMLET, RESIDENTIAL AND CONSERVATION DISTRICTS										
Uses	Maximum No. of Signs	Maximum Total Sign Face Area	Maximum No. of Freestanding	Maximum Height of Freestanding	Maximum Sign Face Area of Free Standing Signs (m ²)					
	Permitted	(m ²)	Signs	Signs (m)	Per Face	Total				
All principal residential uses for which a permit has been issued	1	0.4	0	n/a	n/a	n/a				
All commercial uses for which a permit has been issued	1	0.4	0	n/a	n/a	n/a				
All community service uses for which a permit has been issued	2	10	1	3	2.5	5				

4.10.9 Signs in Agriculture, Commercial and Industrial Districts

- (1) Sign provisions applying to permitted principal commercial / industrial uses, community service uses and residential uses are set out in Table 4-2. The following provisions also apply:
 - (a) Illuminated signs applying to commercial / industrial or community service uses shall have an internal light source or an external light source shielded so that the light is directed only at the face of the sign;
 - (b) A freestanding sign applying to a commercial / industrial use may be located in a required yard provided that the Development Officer is satisfied that it does not create an obstruction to vehicle or pedestrian traffic or a hazard to public safety;
 - (c) Freestanding signs shall maintain a minimum vertical clearance of 3.0 m above grade over any vehicle circulation area on the site;
 - (d) Signs other than freestanding signs shall have a minimum vertical clearance of 2.7 m above grade where they project more than 7.5 cm from the building face;
 - (e) Awning signs shall not project more than 1.8 m from the building face;
 - (f) Projecting signs shall not project more than 1.8 metres above the eaves or parapet of a supporting building;
 - (g) Except in the **C1** General Commercial District, no sign shall project beyond the property lines of the site to which it pertains;
 - (h) In the **C1** General Commercial District only, no projecting sign may project perpendicularly from the property line more than 3.0 metres or beyond a point 0.6 metres from the building side of the curb line, whichever is less;
 - In the C1 General Commercial District only, no projecting sign may be suspended less than 2.6 metres above the surface of a public sidewalk or pedestrian right-of-way;
 - (j) Roof signs are permitted only on a principal building on any site and only one roof sign shall be permitted on each principal building; and,
 - (k) No portion of any roof sign may project beyond any exterior wall or parapet of the building upon which it is placed.
 - One Area Identification Sign of a maximum area of 8 metres square, and not exceeding 2.5 metres in height may be erected on one lot of an industrial park development in place of one of the freestanding signs permitted in Section 4.10.8 (1) (b), at the discretion of Council, providing that endorsement is obtained from the lot owner and any affected Community Association. No less than 40% of any sign face must be devoted to the area name.

<u>Table 4-2</u> SIGN REGULATIONS IN AGRICULTURAL, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS									
Uses	Maximum No. of Signs	Maximum Total Sign Face Area	Maximum No. of Freestanding	Maximum Height of Freestanding	Maximum Sign Face Area of Free Standing Signs (m ²)				
	Permitted	(m ²)	Signs	Signs (m)	Per Face	Total			
All principal residential uses for which a permit has been issued	1	0.4	0	n/a	n/a	n/a			
All commercial uses, ancillary or accessory to residential uses for which a permit has been issued	1	0.4	0	n/a	n/a	n/a			
All principal commercial uses for which a permit has been issued			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
All community service uses for which a permit has been issued	3	18	1	3	6	12			

 In the C1 - General Commercial District, a maximum of one free standing sign shall be permitted on sites with a minimum site width of 20 metres; and, In the C2 - Highway Commercial and M - Industrial Districts, a maximum of one free standing sign shall be permitted.

- (2) In the C1 General Commercial District: 6 metres; and,
 - In the C2 Highway Commercial and M Industrial Districts: 10 metres
- (3) In the C1 General Commercial District: maximum 5 square metres sign face area; and, In the C2 - Highway Commercial and M - Industrial Districts: maximum 9 square metres sign face area.
- (4) In the C1 General Commercial District: maximum 10 square metres total sign face area; and, In the C2 - Highway Commercial and M - Industrial Districts: maximum18 square metres total sign face area.

4.10.10 Portable Sign Regulations

- (1) No portable sign shall have a single face area greater than 6.0 m^2 .
- (2) No portable sign shall have a height greater than 3.0 metres above grade.
- (3) No portable sign shall occupy any space required for off-street parking unless the site contains off-street parking in excess of that required under this Bylaw.
- (4) On any single site, no portable sign may be located closer than 20.0 metres from any other portable sign.

4.11 PUBLIC WORKS, PIPELINES AND FACILITIES OF THE MUNICIPALITY

- 4.11.1 Public works and facilities of the Municipality, except solid and liquid waste disposal sites, shall be permitted uses in every zoning district, and unless otherwise specified by this bylaw, no minimum site or yard requirements shall apply.
- 4.11.2 Where a pipeline or other utility or transportation facility will cross a municipal road, Council may apply such special design standards as it considers necessary to protect the municipal interest in the existing and future improvements to the road.

4.12 VEHICLE STORAGE

- 4.12.1 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Bylaw, no person shall use any site in any residential or hamlet district, for the parking or storage of more than two (2) unlicensed vehicles outside of an enclosed building.
- 4.12.2 Section 4.12.1 shall not apply to permitted machinery or automotive salvage yards, auction markets or agricultural implement, recreational vehicle, automobile, marine and mobile home sales and service establishments.
- 4.12.3 Council may require that such vehicles be screened from roadways or neighbouring properties by landscape features or fences or a combination thereof.

4.13 MANURE DISPOSAL

- 4.13.1 The use of agricultural land for the disposal and recycling of manure produced by an approved intensive livestock operation is permitted subject to the following regulations:
 - (1) Liquid manure shall be spread by direct injection into the soil.
 - (2) Solid manure shall be incorporated into the soil within 24 hours.
 - (3) Manure (solid nor liquid) shall not be spread on ground that is frozen or covered in frost or snow.
- 4.13.2 Upon application to Council, other procedures for disposal of manure may be approved where the applicant establishes to the satisfaction of Council that the objectives of the *Official Community Plan* will be achieved to a similar or better standard. Council may specify a limited time during which the approval will be valid.
- 4.13.3 Council may exempt in whole or in part an applicant from this section where each of the following are true:
 - (1) the manure to be spread comes from an ILO of less than 300 animal units.
 - (2) the manure will be spread on land owned by the operator of the ILO.
 - (3) adverse weather conditions prevent the incorporation of manure in which case incorporation of the spread manure may be delayed until weather conditions permit.

4.14 SPECIAL STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

4.14.1 Home Based Businesses and Farm Based Businesses

(1) Home based businesses and farm based businesses shall be subject to the following development standards:

- (b) The operator of the business is a resident of the dwelling unit and, in the case of a farm based business only, up to five (5) non-resident employees may be employed at the site. Any employee shall be directly under the hire and management of the operator of the business. Where the business is of a building or service contractor, additional employees may be involved only at the client building site.
- (c) No variation in the residential or residential farm character and appearance of the dwelling, ancillary residential building, or land shall be permitted, except for permitted signs.
- (d) The permitted use shall be valid only during the period of time the property is occupied as a residence of the applicant for such permitted use.
- (e) All permits issued for home based businesses shall be subject to the condition that the permit may be revoked at any time if, in the opinion of Council, the conditions under which the permit was originally issued are no longer met.

4.14.2 Campgrounds, Tourist Camps and Trailer Courts

- (1) The applicant for a development permit for a campground, tourist camp or trailer court shall provide the Development Officer with a plan of the site, identifying any buildings, uses of land and the location of all roadways and recreation vehicle or tent campsites sites with dimensions. The addition or rearrangement of sites, the construction or moving of buildings, the material change in use of portions of land, or the filling or clearing of land shall require a development permit, and the applicant shall submit for approval an amended plan incorporating the proposed development.
- (2) A campground, tourist camp or trailer court shall have, within its boundaries, a buffer area abutting the boundary of not less than 4.5 metres in width, which shall contain no buildings.
- (3) A site for each recreation vehicle and campsite permitted in the campground, tourist camp or trailer court shall be designated and clearly marked on the ground.
- (4) Each site shall have a minimum area of 150 square metres.
- (5) No portion of any campsite shall be located within an internal roadway or required buffer area.
- (6) Each site shall have direct and convenient access to a developed internal roadway, which shall not be located in any required buffer area.
- (7) Each recreation vehicle shall be located at least 4.5 metres from any other recreation vehicle and each site shall have dimensions, location and orientation sufficient to allow for such location of recreation vehicles.

- (8) The space provided for roadways within a campground, tourist camp or trailer court shall be at least 7.5 metres in width. No portion of any site, other use or structure shall be located in any roadway.
- (9) A campground, tourist camp or trailer court may include, as an ancillary use, a laundromat or a confectionary designed to meet the needs of occupants of the sites and a one unit dwelling for the accommodation of the operator.
- (10) No recreation vehicle shall be stored on any campsite when the campground is not open.
- (11) *The Public Health Act*, and Regulations passed thereunder, shall be complied with in respect of all operations and development of campgrounds.

4.14.3 Mobile Home Courts

- (1) Mobile home courts shall have, within their boundaries, a buffer area abutting the boundary which shall:
 - (a) have a minimum depth of not less than 8 metres in width, which shall contain no buildings or structures.
 - (b) not contain any roads, except those which connect a public roadway to the road system within the mobile home court.
- (2) Each mobile home site permitted in a mobile home court shall be designated and clearly marked on the ground.
- (3) Each mobile home site shall have a minimum area of 379.8 square metres.
- (4) No portion of any mobile home site shall be located within an internal roadway or required buffer area.
- (5) Each mobile home site shall have direct and convenient access to a developed internal roadway, which shall not be located in any required buffer area.
- (6) Each mobile home shall be located at least 4.5 metres from any other mobile home and each mobile home site shall have dimensions, location and orientation sufficient to allow for such location of mobile homes.
- (7) The space provided for roadways within a mobile home court shall be at least 7.5 metres in width. No portion of any mobile home site, other use or structure shall be located in any roadway.
- (8) A mobile home court may include, as an ancillary use, a laundromat or a confectionary designed to meet the needs of occupants of the mobile home court and a one unit dwelling for the accommodation of the operator.
- (9) *The Public Health Act*, and Regulations passed thereunder, shall apply to all operations and development of mobile home courts.

4.14.4 Public Works in the Form of Solid and Liquid Waste Management or Disposal Facilities

- (1) Development and maintenance of a public work in the form of a solid or liquid waste disposal facility will be subject to the following special standards:
 - (a) A buffer strip containing trees, shrubs or a berm shall be located surrounding a lagoon or sanitary landfill disposal area.
 - (b) Any solid or liquid waste disposal facility shall be fenced.

4.14.5 Bed and Breakfast Homes and Vacation Farms

- (1) Bed and breakfast homes and vacation farms shall be subject to the following requirements:
 - (a) Vacation farms shall be ancillary to an agricultural operation and may include bed and breakfast, cabins and overnight camping areas.
 - (b) Bed and breakfast operations shall be located in, and ancillary to, a single detached dwelling used as the operator's principal residence developed as a farm operation site or country residence
 - (c) Only one sign, not exceeding 1.5 square metres in sign face area, advertising the vacation farm or bed and breakfast home, and located on-site, is permitted.
 - (d) Vacation farms and bed and breakfast homes shall be licensed pursuant to *The Public Health Act*, where tourist accommodations require health approval.
 - (e) Council may specify a maximum number of bedrooms, cabins or camping sites, or combination thereof, as a special standard in the issuing of a discretionary approval for a bed and breakfast home or vacation farm application.

4.14.6 Custodial Care Facilities and Residential Care Facilities

- (1) Custodial care facilities and residential care facilities may be approved as an accessory use or as a principal use.
- (2) In any residential district, no exterior alterations shall be undertaken to a dwelling or former dwelling which would be inconsistent with the residential character of the building or property.
- (3) Required parking spaces shall not be located in a required front yard.
- (4) No building or structure used for the purpose of a custodial care facility or a residential care facility shall be used for the purpose of keeping boarders or lodgers.
- (5) In addition to the development standards of the zoning district, custodial care facilities and residential care facilities that are listed as discretionary uses shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with Section 3.6.

4.14.7 Service Stations

- (1) Fuel pumps and other apparatus for dispensing or storage of fuel, located all or partly above grade level, shall be at least six metres from a site line.
- (2) All automobile parts, dismantled vehicles and similar articles or equipment are to be stored within a building.
- (3) Where service stations occupy a corner site, only one access point shall be on the flanking street.

4.14.8 Gas Bars

- (1) Where operated as the principal use on a site, gas bars are subject to the regulations and standards for service stations.
- (2) Where a gas bar is allowed to operate in conjunction with another use on a site, the following standards and regulations apply:
 - (a) All fuel pumps and above ground storage tanks shall be at least five metres from any building on the site, and six metres from any site line.
 - (b) The site shall have at least two separate entrances for vehicles, at least 15 metres apart.
 - (c) Access to, and parking for, fuel dispensing apparatus shall not obstruct access to the site, or other required off street parking spaces on the site.

4.14.9 Above Ground Fuel Storage Tanks

- (1) Above-ground fuel storage tanks which meet the standards of the National Fire Code may be permitted in association with service stations, gas bars and other permitted industrial or commercial uses where the dispensing of fuel to vehicles is a standard aspect of the use.
- (2) The total storage capacity for above-ground fuel storage tanks on any single service station or gas bar shall not exceed the regulations and requirements set out by the National Fire Code.
- (3) Above-ground fuel storage tanks shall be:
 - (a) located at least 3.0 metres from any property line or building; however, for uses other than gas bars and service stations, the 3.0 metre separation distance may be reduced to 1.0 metre for tanks with a capacity of 5,000 litres or less.

- (4) Notwithstanding (2) above, above ground fuel storage tanks associated with a gas bar or service station shall be:
 - (a) located at least 6 metres from any property line or building.
 - (b) at least 15 metres from the boundary of any site within a Residential district.
- (5) The dispensing equipment associated with above-ground fuel storage tanks shall be located at least 3.0 metres from any property line, at least 7.5 metres from any open flame or other ignition source, and at least 4.5 metres from any door or window.
- (6) Notwithstanding (4) above, above ground fuel storage tanks associated with a gas bar or service station shall be located at least 6.0 metres from any property line, at least 7.5 metres from any open flame or other ignition source, and at least 4.5 metres from any door or window.
- (7) Above-ground fuel storage tanks shall be protected from vehicles with suitable posts, guardrails or other similar means.

4.14.10 Accessory Uses, Buildings and Structures

- (1) Accessory uses and buildings shall be subordinate to, and located on the same site at the principal building or use, and used in conjunction with that principal use.
- (2) <u>Time of Construction</u>:

Accessory buildings shall not be constructed or placed on any site prior to the construction of the principal building except in the following instance:

- (a) Where a Development Permit has been issued for a principal building, Council may, at its discretion, allow prior development of an accessory building where such building is required for the storage of construction material or equipment. If the principal building is not completed in the time period required, the accessory building is to be removed.
- (3) Garden suites shall require discretionary use approval every twenty four months.
- (4) Height of Accessory Buildings:
 - (a) *Hamlet, Residential, and Country Residential Districts:*

Detached accessory buildings in any hamlet district, residential district, or country residential district, shall not exceed a height of 10 metres and shall not exceed the height of the principal building.

(b) *Mobile Home Residential District*:

For height restrictions of accessory buildings in mobile home residential districts, refer to section 12.4.

(c) Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial Districts:

Detached accessory buildings in any agriculture district, commercial district or industrial district - no height restrictions.

(5) <u>Area of Accessory Buildings</u>:

(a) *Hamlet, Residential, and Country Residential District:*

On any site in any hamlet district, residential district, or country residential district the combined building floor area of all accessory buildings, excluding garden suites, shall not exceed 150 square metres.

(b) *Mobile Home Residential District*:

For area restrictions of accessory buildings in mobile home residential districts, refer to section 12.4.

(c) Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial Districts:

Detached accessory buildings in any agriculture district, commercial district or industrial district - no area restrictions.

- (d) *Garden Suites:*
 - (i) In the **A** Agriculture district, the building floor area of garden suites shall not exceed 115 square metres.
 - (ii) In any zoning district other than the A Agriculture district in which garden suites are a permitted or discretionary use, the building floor area of garden suite shall not exceed 69 square metres.
- (6) <u>Location of Accessory Buildings</u>:
 - (a) *Hamlet, Residential and Country Residential Districts*:

Detached accessory buildings in any hamlet district, residential district, or country residential district are subject to the following regulations:

(i) Front Yard:

minimum - 15 metres;

(ii) *Rear Yard*:

minimum - 3 metres; and,

(iii) Side Yard:

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minimum - 3 metres

(b) *Mobile Home Residential District*:

For location restrictions of accessory buildings in mobile home residential districts, refer to section 12.4.

(c) Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial Districts:

Detached accessory buildings in any agricultural or commercial district are subject to the following regulations:

(i) Front Yard:

minimum - same as principal use

(ii) Rear Yard:

minimum - 3 metres, except trailer courts, campgrounds and tourist camps where the minimum shall be 4.5 metres and mobile home courts where the minimum shall be 7.5 metres; and,

(iii) Side Yard:

minimum - 3 metres, except trailer courts, campgrounds and tourist camps where the minimum shall be 4.5 metres and mobile home courts where the minimum shall be 7.5 metres.

- (7) Accessory dwelling units shall only be permitted to accommodate:
 - (a) a farm dwelling as a residence for an operator, or for employees and/or partners engaged in farm operation, intensive livestock operation, or intensive agricultural operation, subject to Section 3.4.3 (4) of the *Official Community Plan*
 - (b) a business dwelling as a residence for an operator, manager, an employee and/or partner engaged in a commercial or industrial operation in a commercial or industrial zoning district, subject to the following provisions:
 - (i) the dwelling unit must be physically attached to the primary building where commercial or industrial operations are underway.
 - (ii) the business dwelling shall have a main entrance separate from that of the commercial or industrial establishment;
 - (iii) an emergency exit must be provided in addition to the main entrance; and,
 - (c) a garden suite, subject to the following provisions:
 - (i) Garden suites shall be constructed at grade and without a basement.
 - Modular homes and mobile homes, subject to all wheels and axles being removed, may be used as garden suites in the A - Agriculture District; they shall not be used as garden suites in any other zoning district.

- (iii) Services:
 - a. *Water and Sewer*:

A garden suite shall be connected to the water and sewer service of the principal residential buildings.

b. Other Services:

All other services (cable, electrical, natural gas, telephone) may have separate connections or connect to those services of the principal residential building.

- (iv) A minimum of one offsite parking stall shall be provided for a garden suite.
- (v) Council may approve a garden suite as a discretionary use for a temporary period of up to 24 months on the same site with a principal residential use for which a development permit has been issued in the following zoning districts:
 - a. Agriculture subject to Section 6.6.2;
 - b. Hamlet subject to Section 7.6.3;
 - c. Low Density Country Residential subject to Section 8.6.3;
 - d. Medium Density Country Residential subject to Section 9.6.3;
 - e. High Density Country Residential subject to Section 10.6.3, and;
 - f. Premium Density Country Residential subject to Section 11.6.3

A new approval will be required for the continuation of use for additional 24 month periods, and requires that the garden suite continues to adhere to the other requirements of Sections 4.14.10(7).

- (vi) A garden suite shall not be issued a permit on a site that has a rental suite refer to Section 4.14.10 (8).
- (8) <u>Rental Suites</u>:

A Rental Suite may be attached as a discretionary use to any Single Detached Dwelling in any zoning district, subject to approval of a Building Inspector hired or contracted by the Rural Municipality. Rental Suites are subject to the following requirements:

- (i) cooking facilities, food preparation, sleeping and sanitary facilities within the structure and which are physically separate from those of the principal dwelling.
- (ii) the suite also has an entrance separate from the entrance to the principal dwelling, either from a common indoor landing or directly from the side or rear of the structure.
- (iii) the suite may not be established on a site where a Garden Suite or Business Dwelling is located refer to Section 4.14.10 (7).

(9) <u>Swimming Pools</u>:

Private swimming pools, both above ground and in-ground, both open and covered, shall be permitted in any Residential Zoning District and in any zone where residential use is permitted, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) *Open Pools*:
 - (i) Open pools shall be enclosed within a fence a minimum of 1.8 metres in height located not less than 1.2 metres from the pool.
 - (ii) Open pools shall not be constructed close that 1.5 metres to any site line plus additional horizontal distance equal to the height of the top edge of the pool about finished grade at the site line(s). For the purpose of the foregoing, the distance to the site line shall be measured from the nearest inside edge of the pool.
 - (iii) No part of an open pool including an associated apron or platform shall be constructed closer to a street line than the front yard requirements for a principal building in the zoning district within which it is located.
- (b) Covered pools shall conform with the building accessory requirements relevant to the zoning district in which they are located.

4.14.11 Outfitter Base Camps and Tourism Base Camps

- (1) All outfitter base camps shall be located at least 305 metres from a dwelling unit that is not part of the operation.
- (2) All accommodation provided in conjunction with outfitter base camps and tourism base camps shall comply with *The Public Health Act*, and Regulations passed thereunder.
- (3) Council may establish standards limiting the total number of guests and guest rooms, and the location of buildings and accessory activities as a condition of issuing a discretionary use permit for outfitter base camps and tourism base camps. Any increase in the number of guests or guest rooms shall require a new discretionary approval.
- (4) Outfitter base camps and tourism base camps may be ancillary to a agricultural operation for which a permit has been issued and located on the same site.
- (5) A use that is established as an ancillary use to an agricultural operation shall cease to be permitted when the operator ceases to be resident on the site.

4.14.12 Dugouts, Sewage Lagoons and Manure Storage Pits

- (1) Dugouts, sewage lagoons and manure storage pits shall maintain a minimum separation distance of 15 metres from the legal boundaries of the surface parcel on which they are situated.
- (2) Dugouts may not be dug within 38 metres of an established dugout.

4.14.13 Kennels (Boarding and Breeding)

- (1) An outdoor area must be provided for animals to run free, without being chained, in an area enclosed by a fence which provides safety for the animals and neighbours to the satisfaction of Council.
- (2) Outdoor animal enclosures may not be in front yards.

4.14.14 Auction Markets

- (1) Outside storage shall not be permitted at auction markets except for the display of motor vehicles, farm machinery, and heavy farm equipment;
- (2) Council may require that additional parking spaces be provided for auction markets.
- (3) Temporary storage and accessory repair of goods and materials to be sold shall be permitted.
- (4) Wrecking, destruction or dismantling of goods and materials shall not be permitted.

4.14.15 Truck Stops

- (1) Truck stops shall not be constructed within 300 metres of a school, education facility, playground, library or place of worship.
- (2) The minimum width of a driveway in a truck stop shall be 9.2 metres.
- (3) No more than two access driveways shall connect a truck stop to any street.
- (3) Gas bars on the site of a truck stop shall comply with Sections 4.14.8 and 4.14.9
- (4) Above ground fuel storage tanks shall comply with Section 4.14.9

4.14.16 Satellite Dishes and Solar Collectors

- (1) The installation and operation of a free standing satellite dish or solar collector, and their supporting structures shall be permitted in all zoning districts, subject to the following:
 - (a) in any District such structures shall not be located in any front yard, side yard and in the case of a corner site, in any portion of the rear yard which is within three (3) metres of the side property line adjacent to a flanking street unless it is screened from the flanking street to the satisfaction of the Development Officer;
 - (b) in any District such structures, if freestanding, shall not exceed a height of ten (10) metres above grade level;
 - (c) in any District such structures if attached to a principal building, shall not exceed a height of ten (10) metres above the lowest elevation of: roof surface of a flat roof; the decking of a mansard roof; and the eaves of a gable, hip or gambrel roof; and,

(d) in any District such structures, if attached to or erected upon an accessory building, shall not exceed the maximum permitted height of the accessory building upon which such structure is attached or erected.

4.14.17 Wind Energy Conversion Facilities

- (1) Wind energy conversion facilities shall be accommodated as a discretionary use in each zoning district in this Bylaw, except the hamlet district, mobile home residential district and conservation districts either as an accessory use to an established principal use on a site or as the principal use of a site. Wind farms shall be accommodated as a discretionary use in only the Agriculture zoning district in the municipality. The following standards apply to wind energy conversion facilities:
 - (a) In Agriculture zoning district, wind turbines are limited to a maximum height of 30 metres. In all other zoning districts, wind turbines are limited to a maximum height of 15 metres.
 - (b) Wind turbines shall be separated or kept clear of all property lines, accessory buildings and habitable buildings on the site by a distance of 1.5 times its height.
 - (c) Wind turbines shall be set back a distance of 50 metres from a municipal road allowance or railway right of way. Facilities adjacent to a provincial highway are subject to the setback requirements of the Ministry of Highways and Infrastructure.
 - (d) Wind turbines shall be located at least 250 metres from a habitable dwelling situated on an adjoining property. This requirement may be reduced where the Council is satisfied that site terrain or vegetation will effectively reduce the noise level of the turbine or where the proponent furnishes a noise projection by a qualified professional engineer which estimates a recommends a reduced setback based on projected sound levels.

4.15 SETBACK FROM CENTRE LINE OF ROADS

The minimum setback of buildings, including dwellings, from the centre line of a municipal road allowance, grid road, main farm access road or provincial highway on all sites shall be 45 metres (150 feet). Development of buildings on sites that do not abut such roads shall observe the minimum front yard setbacks as identified in the specific regulation for those districts.

4.16 PARKING

4.16.1 General Parking Requirements

For every building or structure, there shall be provided and maintained off-street parking spaces as required by Table 4-3, subject to the provisions the rest of Section 4.16. Enclosed or covered parking spaces or areas shall be governed by the development standards required within specific zoning districts.

		Table 4-3
	Use	PARKING REQUIREMENTS Minimum Parking Requirements
(1)	Residence	1 space per dwelling unit, <i>plus</i> 1 space if a garden suite or rental unit is on site
(2)	Places of worship, Halls, Clubs and other places of assembly	1 space per 9 m ² of gross floor area devoted to public use, or 1 space for every 10 seats devoted to patrons (if applicable), whichever is greater
(3)	Retail stores	1 space per 18 m ² of gross floor area, or 5 spaces, whichever is greater
(4)	Business offices	2 spaces per 27 m ² of gross floor area, or 5 spaces, whichever is greater.
(5)	Industrial uses	1 space per 67 m^2 of gross floor area, or 1 space per 3 employees, whichever is greater
(6)	Eating establishments, including restaurants	1 space per 4 seats devoted to patrons' use, accommodated according to maximum capacity
(7)	Elementary schools	1 space per employee
(8)	High schools	1 space per employee, plus 5 spaces per classroom
(9)	Hotels and motels	1 space per room
(10)	Passive recreation	1 space per 4 persons' of the project's design capacity
(11)	Any other principal or ancillary use	1 space per 27 m ² of gross floor area
(12)	Any combination of the above	The aggregate of the parking as required above

4.16.2 Parking Area Provisions

- (1) No part of any minimum required side yards shall be used for parking, storage or loading of motor vehicles; although access to parking, storage or loading of motor vehicles may cross required side yards, and side yards may be used as fire lanes, provided they meet all other requirements of fire lanes.
- (2) Each parking space shall be a minimum of 2.5 metres wide. Parallel parking spaces must be a minimum of 6.5 metres long, all other parking spaces must be a minimum of 6 metres long.
- (3) Required parking, with the exception of required and/or disabled persons parking, may be located on another site, provided that all required parking is within 150 metres of the use.
- (4) Separate sites and uses may share parking spaces provided that enough parking spaces are constructed to meets the off-street parking requirements of all uses sharing the site. In cases where peak parking demands for uses sharing parking offset each other, Council may consider deferring parking requirements as provided in Section 4.16.3.
- (5) Where two or more uses share one building or on a site where two or more uses share common parking facilities, then the off-street parking requirements for each use shall be calculated as if each is a separate use and adding them together.
- (6) Parking spaces and areas required under this Bylaw shall only be used for the parking of vehicles incidental to the uses which have been issued permits, in respect to which such parking spaces and areas are required.
- (7) A minimum turning radius of 6 metres shall be provided at all intersections of private approaches with public streets.

- (8) No part of any public street shall be included in any calculation of the parking space allotment for a specific site.
- (9) Immediately upon change of use or change of district, the parking requirements set out in Table 4-3 shall be required.
- (10) In cases where the provisions of Table 4-3 require that more than 4 parking spaces be required in a single yard, regardless of zoning district, such parking must meet the following conditions laid out in Section 4.16.3 in addition to other applicable conditions laid out in Section 4.16.2.

4.16.3 Parking Areas Requiring more than 4 Parking Spaces

- (1) Every parking area shall be provided with direct, unobstructed access to and from a public street by a private approach, which:
 - (a) if designed for one-way vehicular movement, shall have a minimum unobstructed width of 3.5 metres, exclusive of any islands or other such physical separation; or,
 - (b) if designed for two-way vehicular movement, shall have a minimum unobstructed width of 6 metres, exclusive of any islands or other such physical separation.
- (2) The maximum distance of any such private approach shall be no greater than 9 metres at the point of intersection of the approach and street line.
- (3) The minimum distance between a private approach and an intersection of street lines measures along the street shall be 30 metres.
- (4) The angle of intersection between a driveway and a street line shall be between 75 degrees and 105 degrees.
- (5) The parking and loading areas and approaches thereto shall be hard-surfaced.
- (6) Adequate facilities allowing for the proper drainage of all parking areas shall be provided and shall be designed such that there is no detrimental effect to adjoining properties from such water disposal methods or system design.
- (7) Lighting fixtures shall be so designed and installed that the light is directed downward and reflected away from public roads, as well as from dwelling units on adjacent sites.
- (8) <u>Landscaping</u>:
 - (a) Where, in a yard in any zoning district, a parking area which is required to provide for more that 4 off-street parking spaces abuts a residential use and/or zoning district, the a continuous strip of landscaped open space of minimum width of 4.5 metres shall be provided along the site lines of said yard or site.

(b) Where, in a yard in any zoning district, a parking area which is required to provide for more that 4 off-street parking spaces abuts a street, then a strip of landscaped open space shall be provided along the site line adjoining the said street, and the said landscaped open space shall be continuous except for aisles or driveways required for access to the parking area and shall be a minimum of 3 metres in width along the said site line.

4.17 LANDSCAPING

4.17.1 General Landscaping Regulations

- (1) Where this Bylaw specifies that landscaping is required, it shall be developed and maintained in accordance with the following standards and policies:
 - (a) Plant material shall be species capable of healthy growth in the region and shall conform to the current Canadian Standards for Nursery Stock of the Canadian Nursery Landscape Association;
 - (b) Areas designated for planting shall be provided with an underground irrigation system or other adequate means of irrigation commensurate with landscaping requirements, with at least one outside hose bibb for each principal building;
 - (c) Landscaping required to be provided within and front or side yards shall not be used for any purpose except for signs or structures otherwise permitted, or driveways leading to a parking or loading facility;
 - (d) Required landscaping shall be completed in accordance with the approved landscape plan by the end of the construction season in which occupancy, partial occupancy, or use of the building or site has taken place. When occupancy, partial occupancy, or use of the building or site has taken place after the end of the construction season, all required and approved landscaping shall be completed by June 1st of the following year. For the purposes of this section, 'construction season' means May 1st through October 31st of the same calendar year; and,
 - (e) Required and approved landscaping shall be suitably maintained in a neat and tidy condition at all times, and plant material installed or retained shall be maintained in healthy, vigorous condition at all times.
- 4.17.2 The Development Officer shall not approve an application for a development permit in the event that:
 - (1) Any required landscape plans have not been submitted; or,
 - (2) Any required landscape plans do not, in the opinion of the Development Officer, provide an adequate or suitable degree of landscaping necessary to enhance the visual amenity of the site or provide a visual screen where required by this Bylaw.

- 4.17.3 Landscaping shall be a condition of the issuance of a development permit when the existing use of a building or structure is significantly enlarged, undergoes a significant capacity increase, or is changed to a new use.
- 4.17.4 Any landscaping, including planting thereon, which is required to be provided by this Bylaw shall be maintained in a healthy growing condition or shall otherwise be replaced.
- 4.17.5 Any land for landscaped open space shall be included in any calculation of site area, setbacks, density or yard requirements as required by this Bylaw.

4.17.6 **Requirements for Landscape Plans**

- (1) When landscaping is required under this Bylaw, landscaping plans shall be attached to a development permit application and shall form part of that application. The landscape plans shall be prepared in accordance with Section 4.17.6 (2).
- (2) Landscape Plan Submission Requirements:
 - (a) Two copies of every landscape plan must be submitted, showing, to the satisfaction of the Development Officer, showing, to scale, all physical features, including existing and proposed grades, the size and type of existing vegetation to be removed and retained, the size, type and location plant material to be provided, the location of hard landscaping such as fences, retaining walls, walkways and curbs, and the details of the proposed irrigation system, including the location of any outside hose bibbs.
 - (b) A declaration, signed by the property owner and applicant, shall be affixed to required landscape plans, specifically acknowledging that the landscaping specified on the plans is a condition of the issuance of a development permit for the property and that such development will be complete by the date set out in the development permit.
- 4.17.7 Landscaping compliant with the rest Section 4.17 shall be provided in the following areas:
 - (1) The first 3 metres of the minimum required front yard measured from the front property line.
 - (2) A strip of soft landscaping abutting the front of the principal building, where loading does not occur, to an average depth of 2 metres.
 - (3) In the case of a corner site, the side yard abutting the flanking street to a minimum perpendicular width of 3 metres.

4.18 OUTSIDE STORAGE AND GARBAGE STORAGE

4.18.1 Where permitted in association with any approved industrial, commercial or residential land use, all outside storage, including storage of garbage or waste materials, is subject to the following requirements:

- (1) No outside storage shall be located in the front yard, except for the neatly arranged display of items for sale.
- (2) Outside storage in a side or rear yard shall be screened from adjacent sites by a fence at least 1.9 metres in height, or a combination of fence and soft landscaping screening a minimum of 1.9 metres in height.
- (3) Unless otherwise directed by this Bylaw, garbage and waste material shall be stored in weatherproof and animal-proof containers and shall be visually screened from all adjacent sites and public thoroughfares.

4.19 PERMITTED YARD ENCROACHMENTS

- 4.19.1 The following are not considered encroachments and shall be considered part of the principal or accessory building and all applicable regulations will apply to its as it would be to the principal or accessory building:
 - (1) any deck or floor area attached to a principal or accessory building that has a permanent roof structure and/or solid glass, or screen walls; and,
 - (2) any private garage attached to a principal building.
- 4.19.2 The following yard encroachments shall be permitted in any required yard:
 - (1) steps 1.6 metres or less above grade level, as measured at the highest point of the steps, that are necessary for access to a permitted building or for access to a site from a street or lane;
 - (2) window sills, eaves, gutters, belt courses, pilasters or other similar vertical columns, cornices, bay windows, chimneys and similar non-structural alterations may project a distance of 0.6 metres from the building into any required yard, but not closer than 0.5 metres to a site line;
 - (3) raised patios, decks and sidewalks not more than 0.4 metres above grade level, as measured at the outside edge of the patio, deck or sidewalk.
 - (4) trees, shrubs, walkways, trellises or flag poles, so long as these fixtures do not extend into or over public land; and,
 - (5) lighting fixtures and lamp posts.

5.1 CLASSIFICATION OF ZONING DISTRICTS

5.1.1 In order to carry out the purpose and provisions of this Bylaw, the Rural Municipality is divided into the following Zoning Districts, the boundaries of which are shown on the "**Zoning District Map**". Such districts may be referred to by the appropriate symbols.

Districts	Symbols
Agriculture	Α
Hamlet	Η
Low Density Country Residential	CR1
Medium Density Country Residential	CR2
High Density Country Residential	CR3
Premium Density Country Residential	CR4
Mobile Home Residential	RMH
General Commercial	C1
Highway Commercial	C2
Industrial	Μ
Conservation and Active Recreation District	CON1
Conservation and Passive Recreation District	CON2

5.2 ZONING DISTRICT MAPS

5.2.1 The map, bearing the statement "This is the Zoning District Map which accompanies Bylaw Number adopted by the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461" and signed by the Reeve and Rural Municipal Administrator under the seal of the Rural Municipality shall be known as the "Zoning District Map" and such map is hereby declared to be an integral part of this Bylaw.

5.3 BOUNDARIES

- 5.3.1 The boundaries of such districts referred to, together with explanatory legend, notation and reference, are shown on the map entitled "**Zoning District Map**".
- 5.3.2 All streets, lanes and road allowances, if not otherwise specifically designated, shall be deemed to be in the same zoning district as the property immediately abutting upon such streets, lanes and road allowances. If the land abutting each side of a street, lane or road allowance is located in different zoning districts, the centre line of such street, lane or road allowance shall be deemed to be the district boundary, unless otherwise specifically designated.

- 5.3.3 Streets, lanes, and road allowances which are shown on the "Zoning District Map" and which have been permanently closed pursuant to Section 13 of *The Municipalities Act*, shall be in the same district as the land abutting both sides of the permanently closed street, lane or road allowance. If the land abutting each side of the permanently closed street, land or road allowance was located in different zoning districts before the said street, lane or road allowance was permanently closed, the centre line of such permanently closed street, lane or road allowance shall be deemed to be the district boundary, unless otherwise specifically designated.
- 5.3.4 In unsubdivided land, the zoning district boundary shall be determined by the scale shown on the **"Zoning District Map"**.

5.4 **REGULATIONS**

5.4.1 Regulations for the zoning districts are outlined in the following sections of this Bylaw.

5.5 TRANSITIONAL ZONING PROVISIONS

5.5.1 Former Permitted and Discretionary Uses

Land uses or developments in existence on a site that were listed as permitted or discretionary uses under Zoning Bylaw No. 2 - 1991, or any amendment thereto, and are listed as discretionary uses under this bylaw, shall be considered permitted uses; however, no alteration or enlargement of the land use or development shall take place except in conformity with relevant development standards in this Bylaw.

5.6 PROPERTIES WITH MORE THAN ONE ZONING DISTRICT

5.6.1 Where a site or lot is divided into more than one zoning district, each portion of the site or lot shall be developed and use in accordance with the provisions of the applicable zoning district.

6 A - AGRICULTURE DISTRICT

6.1 INTENT

The objective of the **A** - Agriculture District is to provide for the primary use of land in the form of agricultural development, associated residences, limited single-parcel country residential development, location-dependent natural resource development and other uses compatible with agricultural development.

6.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 6-1.

6.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in A - Agriculture District are as follows:

6.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- 6.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted subject to Section 4.14.10(6).
- 6.4.2 Farm dwellings, subject to Section 3.4.3 (4) of the *Official Community Plan*.

6.5 REGULATIONS

6.5.1 Site Requirements

- (1) Minimum and maximum site size, site width, and yard requirements are shown in Table 6-1.
- (2) In addition to the requirements set out in Table 6-1, the following requirements apply:
 - (a) No dwelling shall be located within 305 metres of an intensive livestock operation (ILO) unless such dwelling is located on the same parcel in conjunction with the ILO, or unless the owners of the dwelling, the land the dwelling is located on and the ILO enter into a written agreement approved by Council.
 - (b) A single residential parcel subdivision must be located a minimum of 800 metres of an intensive livestock operation (ILO) unless such dwelling is located on the same parcel in conjunction with the ILO, or unless the owners of the dwelling, the land the dwelling is located on and the ILO enter into a written agreement approved by Council.

6.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 6-1.

6.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **A** - Agriculture District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

6.6.1 Intensive agricultural operations including, but not limited to, *intensive livestock operations* subject to Section 3.4.3 (2) of the *Official Community Plan*.

6.6.2 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes may be used as garden suites in the A Agriculture District.
- (2) In the A Agriculture District, garden suites shall not exceed 115 square metres in gross floor area.
- 6.6.3 Personal care homes shall be licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act*.

6.6.4 Discretionary Commercial Uses

- (1) Where ancillary to a farm operation, or single detached dwelling, Council may prescribe specific development standards in the issuing of a development permit limiting the size of operation, buildings used for the operation, and number of non-resident employees. Any increase in the area of land for a commercial use, or the number or size of buildings used for the commercial operation, shall require a new discretionary approval by Council.
- (2) Council may specify specific development standards for the location, setback, or screening of any area devoted to the outdoor storage of machinery, vehicles, or vehicular parts in conjunction with a commercial operation including any salvage or vehicle storage yard.

6.7 EXCEPTIONS TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Exceptions to development standards in A - Agriculture District, are as follows:

6.8 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

6.9 OUTSIDE STORAGE

Outside storage, including garbage storage, is subject to Section 4.18.

	Table 6-1								
	A - AGRICULTURE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461								
				Development Standards					
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)
Agricu	ltural Uses								
(1)	Agriculturally related commercial and industrial uses subject to Section 3.4.3 (3) in the <i>Official Community Plan</i>	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(2)	Farm operations	Р		64 ⁽²⁾		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(3)	Intensive livestock operations subject to Section 3.4.3 (2) in the Official Community Plan	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(4)	Intensive agricultural operations subject to Section 3.4.3 in the Official Community Plan	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(5)	Manure disposal for an ILO	D	4.13	1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
Resour	rce Based Uses								
(1)	Mineral exploration and extraction, excluding gravel pits	Р					15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(2)	Petroleum pipelines and related facilities	Р					15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
Reside	ntial Uses								
(1)	Farm Dwellings subject to 3.4.3 (4) in the Official Community Plan	D	4.14.10 (7)	1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(2)	Garden suites	D	4.14.10 (7)	1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(3)	Mobile home courts	D	4.14.3	1.01	6.06	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(4)	Rental Suite	D	4.14.10 (8)	Must	be develo	ped within	Single De	tached Dw	velling
(5)	Single detached dwellings (as a principal use) subject to Section 3.6.3 (8) in the <i>Official Community Plan</i>	D		1.01	6.06 ⁽³⁾	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
Comme	ercial Uses								
(2)	Agriculture servicing and contracting establishments	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(3)	Bed and breakfast homes	D	4.14.5	1.01 (8)	6.06 (9)	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(4)	Campgrounds	D		1.01	(4)	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(5)	Custodial care facilities	D	4.14.6	1.01 (8)	6.06 ⁽⁹⁾	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(6)	Golf courses	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15

		Table	6-1							
	A - AGRICULTURE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS									
	for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461									
Development Standards						ls				
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	
(7)	Grain elevators	D		1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15 ⁽⁸⁾	
(8)	Gravel pits and gravel crushing operations subject to Table 6-1 of the Official Community Plan	D				60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15	
(9)	Home based businesses and farm based businesses	D	4.14.1							
(10)	Kennels	D	4.14.13	1.01	2.02	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(11)	Machine shops and metal fabricators	D		1.01	2.02	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(12)	Outfitter base camps	D	4.14.11	1.01	2.02	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(13)	Personal care homes	D		1.01 (8)	6.06 ⁽⁹⁾	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(14)	Residential care facilities	D	4.14.6	1.01 (8)	6.06 (9)	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(15)	Tourism base camps	D	4.14.11	1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(16)	Tourist camps	D	4.14.11	1.01		60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(17)	Veterinary clinics and hospital, including large animal boarding	D		1.01	2.02	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
Munici	pal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses									
(1)	Airports and airstrips	D		(1)			15 ^{(5) (6)}	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(2)	Cemeteries and crematoria	D								
(3)	Community halls	Р					15 ⁽⁶⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(4)	Detention centres and correctional institutions	D		1.01	6.06	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(5)	Historical and archeological sites	Р								
(6)	Municipal facilities	Р								
(7)	Parks and playgrounds	Р							3	
(8)	Places of worship	D		1.01	6.06	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	
(9)	Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р							3	
(10)	Radar stations	D					10	10	10	
(11)	Recreation facilities	D		(1)	(4)		15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15	

	A - AGRICULTURE DIST for the Rural Munic		EVELOPMENT ST		DS				
					<u>1</u>	Developme	nt Standaro	ls	
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)
(12)	Schools and educational facilities	D		(1)	(4)		15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(13)	Solid and liquid waste disposal facilities including soil farms for the rehabilitation of contaminated soils subject to Sections 3.2.3 (4) and 3.2.3 (9) of the <i>Official Community Plan</i>	D	4.14.4	1.01	6.06	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(14)	Solid waste disposal sites, sewage lagoons, pesticide container collection sites, and associated facilities	D		1.01	6.06	60	15 ⁽⁵⁾	15 ⁽⁶⁾	15
(15)	Telecommunications facilities	D					10	10	10 (8)
(16)	Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Р							
(17)	Wind energy conversion facilities, including wind farms	D	4.14.17	Devel	opment St	andards as	s laid out ir	n Section 4	4.14.17

Use Designations: (P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw. A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, the Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 6.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 6-1 and the A - Agriculture District:

- (1) Private facilities: 1.01 hectares. Publicly-owned facilities: no minimum.
- (2) or a lesser amount as identified in Section 3.4.3 of the *Official Community Plan*.
- (3) This shall not apply to a physically severed residential site in a quarter section.
- (4) Private facilities: 6.06 hectares. Publicly-owned facilities: no maximum.
- (5) except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line.
- (6) Council may require a more stringent standard, as part of the discretionary use process, should safety, noise, pollution and/or other concerns require.
- (7) Where rear yard abuts a railway or a railway reserve no rear yard is required.
- (8) unless developed ancillary to a farm operation, in which case 64 hectares, and subject to ⁽²⁾ above.
- (9) No maximum shall apply if developed ancillary to a Farm Operation.

<u>7.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the \mathbf{H} - Hamlet District is to provide for limited residential and commercial growth in the form of infilling of existing vacant land in existing unorganised hamlets.

7.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 7-1.

7.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in **H** - Hamlet District are as follows:

7.3.1 Animals

(1) The keeping, handling, sale or transhipment of cattle, horses, pigs, goats, llamas, alpacas, poultry, sheep or other livestock is prohibited within this district.

7.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND USES

7.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

7.5 REGULATIONS

7.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size, site width, and yard requirements are shown in Table 7-1.

7.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 7-1.

7.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **H** - Hamlet District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

7.6.1 **Commercial Uses**

- (1) Council may apply special standards in the issuing a development permit for screening of storage areas or fencing in commercial uses adjacent to residential uses.
- (2) Council may apply special development standards regarding yard requirements for commercial uses to reduce conflict with neighbouring uses.

7.6.2 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses are subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.

7.6.3 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes shall not be used as garden suites in the **H** Hamlet District.
- (2) In the **H** Hamlet District, garden suites shall not exceed 69 m^2 in gross floor area.

7.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

7.8 OUTSIDE STORAGE

			<u>Table 7-1</u> CT DEVELOPMEN cipality of Prince All							
						Develo	opment St	andards		
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (m)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage
Residential Uses										
(1) Garden suites		D	4.14.10 (7)	465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	(1)
(2) Rental Suite		D	4.14.10 (8)	N		veloped v	vithin Sino		ned Dwellir	ıg
	ed dwellings as a principal use	Р		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	65%
(4) Semi-detached	d dwellings as a principal use	Р		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	65% (4)
Commercial Uses										
(1) Bed and break	fast homes	D	4.14.5	465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	65%
(2) Home based b		D	4.14.1							
Municipal, Recreation	nal, Institutional and Other Uses					-				
(1) Cemeteries an		D		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	
(2) Community ha	lls	Р		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5			15	65%
(3) Detention cent	res and correctional institutions	D		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	65%
(4) Historical and	archaeological sites	Р								
(5) Municipal facili	ities	Р								
(6) Parking lots		D								
(7) Parks and play	/grounds	Р								
(8) Places of wors	hip	Р		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)	15	
(9) Public works, e	excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р		465				3 (3)		
(10) Recreation fac	ilities	D		465	19 ⁽²⁾	7.5	3	3 (3)		
(11) Schools and e	ducational facilities	D				7.5	7.5	3 (3)		

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, the Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 7.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 7-1 and the H - Hamlet District:

- (1) Garden suite shall not exceed $69m^2$
- (2) If site is serviced by a lane: 15 metres.
- (3) If site is serviced by a lane: 1.5 metres.
- (4) No more than one semi-detached dwelling shall be permitted per site.

<u>8.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **CR1** - Low Density Country Residential district is to provide for low density, multiple-lot country residential development and other compatible development in specific areas with standards for such development which does not directly support agriculture.

8.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 8-1.

8.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in **CR1** - Low Density Country Residential District are as follows:

8.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- *8.4.1* The following accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10:
 - (1) Private garages, whether detached or attached to a dwelling unit.
 - (2) Garden sheds used for the storage of non-industrial yard maintenance equipment.
 - (3) Greenhouses where accessory to a residential use.
 - (4) Keeping of animals on the same site as the residence, subject to Section 8.5.3.
 - (5) Barns and stables for animals permitted by Section 8.5.3.
 - (6) Orchards and vegetable, horticultural or fruit gardens, where accessory to a residence.
 - (7) Field crops.

8.5 REGULATIONS

8.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 8-1.

8.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 8-1.

8.5.3 Keeping of animals

(1) Large animals, which include only horses, cattle, sheep, goats, llamas and alpacas, will be permitted, in numbers not exceeding 4 animal units, on a site of at least 4 ha. All other animals shall be limited to domestic pets of the residents of the site, but in no case shall the numbers exceed that equal to one animal unit.

- (2) Animals shall not be pastured within 15.25 metres of any dwelling not owned by the operator of the pasture or owner of the animals, and no buildings or structures intended to contain animals shall be located within 30 metres of a property line.
- (3) The use of vacant residential sites for pasture of animals is prohibited.

8.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CR1** - Low Density Country Residential District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

8.6.1 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.
- 8.6.2 Personal care homes shall be licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act*.

8.6.3 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes shall not be used as garden suites in any Country Residential District.
- (2) In any Country Residential District, garden suites shall not exceed 69 m^2 in gross floor area.

8.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

8.8 OUTSIDE STORAGE

CR1 - LOW DENSITY COUNTRY for the Run	RESIDE	<u>Table 8-1</u> ENTIAL DIST pality of Prince			IENT ST	ANDARI	DS			
					De	velopmer	nt Standar	<u>·ds</u>		
<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Minimum Floor Area (m)
Residential Uses			-	_		-		-	-	-
(1) Garden suites	D	4.14.10 (7)	4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	4.4	
(2) Rental Suite	D	4.14.10 (8)		-			Single D	etached I	Dwelling	-
(3) Single detached dwellings as a principal use	Р		4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	90
Commercial Uses										
(1) Bed and breakfast homes	D	4.14.5	4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	90
(2) Day care centres	D		4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	90
(3) Home based businesses	D	4.14.1	4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	90
(4) Personal care homes	D		4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	90
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses										
(1) Community halls	Р					10 (1)	15	10	15	
(2) Historical and archaeological sites	Р									
(3) Municipal facilities	Р									
(4) Parks and playgrounds	Р									
(5) Places of worship	Р		4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	
(6) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal site	s P							3		
(7) Recreation facilities	D					10 (1)	15	10	15	
(8) Schools and educational facilities	D		4.00	6.00	61	10 (1)	15	10	15	
(9) Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Р									
(10) Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17		Develop	ment Sta	ndards a	s laid out	in Sectio	n 4.14.7	
Use Designations:		-								

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

in this Bylaw.

means a use or form of development allowed as of right A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, the in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 8.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 8-1 and the CR1 - Low Density Country Residential District:

(1) except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line.

<u>9.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **CR2** - Medium Density Country Residential district is to provide for medium density, multiple-lot country residential development and other compatible development in specific areas with standards for such development which does not directly support agriculture.

9.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 9-1.

9.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in CR2 - Medium Density Country Residential District are as follows:

9.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- 9.4.1 The following accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10:
 - (1) Private garages, whether detached or attached to a dwelling unit.
 - (2) Garden sheds used for the storage of non-industrial yard maintenance equipment.
 - (3) Greenhouses where accessory to a residential use.
 - (4) Keeping of animals on the same site as the residence, subject to Section 9.5.3.
 - (5) Barns and stables for animals permitted by Section 9.5.3.
 - (6) Orchards and vegetable, horticultural or fruit gardens, where accessory to a residence.
 - (7) Field crops.

9.5 REGULATIONS

9.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 9-1.

9.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 9-1.

9.5.3 Keeping of animals

(1) Large animals, which include only horses, cattle, sheep, goats, llamas and alpacas, will be permitted, in numbers not exceeding 4 animal units, on a site of at least 4 ha. All other animals shall be limited to domestic pets of the residents of the site, but in no case shall the numbers exceed that equal to one animal unit.

- (2) Animals shall not be pastured within 15.25 metres of any dwelling not owned by the operator of the pasture or owner of the animals, and no buildings or structures intended to contain animals shall be located within 30 metres of a property line.
- (3) The use of vacant residential sites for pasture of animals is prohibited.

9.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CR2** - Medium Density Country Residential District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

9.6.1 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.
- 9.6.2 Personal care homes shall be licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act*.

9.6.3 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes shall not be used as garden suites any country residential District.
- (2) In any Country Residential District, garden suites shall not exceed 69 m^2 in gross floor area.

9.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

9.8 OUTSIDE STORAGE

	CR2 - MEDIUM DENSITY COU for the l		<u>Table 9-1</u> RESIDENTIAL DIS Iunicipality of Prince			PMENT S	TANDAI	RDS			
						De	velopmer	nt Standar	<u>ds</u>		
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Minimum Floor Area (m)
Resi	dential Uses										
(1)	Garden suites	D	4.14.10 (7)	2.00	3.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	4.4	
(2)	Rental Suite	D	4.14.10 (8)		Must be	develop	-	Single De	etached [Dwelling	
(3)	Single detached dwellings as a principal use	Р		2.00	3.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	90
Com	mercial Uses										
(1)	Bed and breakfast homes	D	4.14.5	2.00	3.99	61	10 (1)	15	15	15	90
(2)	Day care centres	D		2.00	3.99	61	10 ⁽¹⁾	15	15	15	90
(3)	Home based businesses	D	4.14.1	2.00	3.99	61	10 (1)	15	15	15	90
(4)	Personal care homes	D		2.00	3.99	61	10 ⁽¹⁾	15	15	15	90
Muni	cipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses										
(1)	Community halls	Р					10 (1)	15	15	15	
(2)	Historical and archaeological sites	Р									
(3)	Municipal facilities	Р									
(4)	Parks and playgrounds	Р									
(5)	Places of worship	Р		2.00	3.99	61	10 (1)	15	15	15	
(6)	Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Ρ							3		
(7)	Recreation facilities	D					10 (1)	15	15	15	
(8)	Schools and educational facilities	D		2.00	3.99	61	10 (1)	15	15	15	
(9)	Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Р									
(10)	Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17		Develop	ment Sta	ndards a	s laid out	in Sectio	n 4.14.7	

Use Designations: (P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 9-1 and the CR2 - Medium Density Country Residential District:

(1) except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line.

<u>10.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **CR3** - High Density Country Residential district is to provide for high density, multiple-lot country residential development and other compatible development in specific areas with standards for such development which does not directly support agriculture.

10.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 10-1.

10.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in CR3 - High Density Country Residential District are as follows:

10.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- 10.4.1 The following accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10:
 - (1) Private garages, whether detached or attached to a dwelling unit.
 - (2) Garden sheds used for the storage of non-industrial yard maintenance equipment.
 - (3) Greenhouses where accessory to a residential use.
 - (4) Keeping of animals on the same site as the residence, subject to Section 10.5.3.
 - (5) Barns and stables for animals permitted by Section 10.5.3.
 - (6) Orchards and vegetable, horticultural or fruit gardens, where accessory to a residence.
 - (7) Field crops.

10.5 REGULATIONS

10.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 10-1.

10.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 10-1.

10.5.3 Keeping of animals

(1) Large animals, which include only horses, cattle, sheep, goats, llamas and alpacas, will be permitted, in numbers not exceeding 2 animal units, on a site of at least 2 ha. All other animals shall be limited to domestic pets of the residents of the site, but in no case shall the numbers exceed that equal to one animal unit.

- (2) Animals shall not be pastured within 15.25 metres of any dwelling not owned by the operator of the pasture or owner of the animals, and no buildings or structures intended to contain animals shall be located within 30 metres of a property line.
- (3) The use of vacant residential sites for pasture of animals is prohibited.

10.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CR3** - High Density Country Residential District with regard to Section 3.7.2 - "Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria" and Section 3.7.3 - "Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals" as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

10.6.1 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.
- 10.6.2 Personal care homes shall be licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act*.

10.6.3 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes shall not be used as garden suites any country residential District
- (2) In any Country Residential District, garden suites shall not exceed 69 m^2 in gross floor area.

10.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

10.8 OUTSIDE STORAGE

CR3 - HIGH DENSITY COUN for the l		<u>Table 10-1</u> ESIDENTIAL DISTI Iunicipality of Prince			IENT ST	ANDARI	DS			
					De	velopmer	it Standar	<u>·ds</u>		
<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Minimum Floor Area (m)
Residential Uses			-		-	-		-		
(1) Garden suites	D	4.14.10 (7)	1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	4.4	
(2) Rental Suite	D	4.14.10 (8)				-	Single De			
(3) Single detached dwellings as a principal use	Р		1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	90
Commercial Uses										
(1) Bed and breakfast homes	D	4.14.5	1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	90
(2) Day care centres	D		1.00	1.99	31	10 ⁽¹⁾	8	8	15	90
(3) Home based businesses	D	4.14.1	1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	90
(4) Personal care homes	D		1.00	1.99	31	10 ⁽¹⁾	8	8	15	90
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses			-	-	-	-				-
(1) Community halls	Р					10 (1)	8	8	15	
(2) Historical and archaeological sites	Р									
(3) Municipal facilities	Р									
(4) Parks and playgrounds	Р							3		
(5) Places of worship	Р		1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	
(6) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Ρ									
(7) Recreation facilities	D					10 (1)	8	8	15	
(8) Schools and educational facilities	D		1.00	1.99	31	10 (1)	8	8	15	
(9) Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Р									
(10) Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17		Develop	ment Sta	ndards a	s laid out	in Sectio	on 4.14.7	

(D) - Discretionary Use

(b) <u>Districtionary osc</u> means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 10-1 and the CR3 - High Density Country Residential District:

(1) except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line.

<u>11.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **CR4** - Premium Density Country Residential District is to provide for the highest density of multiple lot country residential development which incorporates innovative sustainable building techniques and subdivision design and other compatible development in specific areas with standards for such development which does not directly support agriculture.

11.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 11-1.

14.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in CR4 - Premium Density Country Residential District are as follows:

11.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- 11.4.1 The following accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10:
 - (1) Private garages, whether detached or attached to a dwelling unit.
 - (2) Garden sheds used for the storage of non-industrial yard maintenance equipment.
 - (3) Greenhouses where accessory to a residential use.
 - (4) Orchards and vegetable, horticultural or fruit gardens, where accessory to a residence.
 - (5) Field crops.

11.5 REGULATIONS

11.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 11-1.

11.5.2 Building Height Requirements

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 11-1.

11.5.3 Keeping of animals

(1) Keeping animals is prohibited.

11.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CR4** - Premium Density Country Residential District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

11.6.1 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.
- 11.6.2 Personal care homes shall be licensed under *The Personal Care Homes Act*.

11.6.3 Garden Suites

- (1) Modular homes and mobile homes shall not be used as garden suites any country residential District.
- (2) In any Country Residential District, garden suites shall not exceed 69 m^2 in gross floor area.

11.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

11.8 OUTSIDE STORAGE

PREMIUM DENSITY C	OUN	Table 11-1 FRY RESIDENTIAL	DEVELO	PMENT	STANDA	RDS				
for the I	Rural	Municipality of Princ	e Albert N	No. 461						
					De	velopmer	nt Standar	<u>ds</u>		
<u>Use</u>	Permitted or	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage (m)
Residential Uses										
(1) Garden suites	D	4.14.10 (7)	0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	4.4	
2.) Rental Suites	D	4.14.10 (8)		Must be	develop	ed within	Single D	etached I	Dwelling	
(3) Single detached dwellings as a principal use	Р		0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65% ⁽³⁾
Commercial Uses										
(1) Bed and breakfast homes	D	4.14.5	0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65% ⁽³⁾
(2) Day care centres	D		0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65% ⁽³⁾
(3) Home based businesses	D	4.14.1	0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65% ⁽³⁾
Iunicipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses										
(1) Community halls	Р					10 (1)	5	6	15	65%
(2) Historical and archaeological sites	Ρ									
(3) Municipal facilities	Ρ									
(4) Parks and playgrounds	Ρ									
(5) Places of worship	Ρ		0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65%
(6) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal site	sР									
(7) Recreation facilities	D					10 (1)		3		
(8) Schools and educational facilities	D		0.4	0.99	16	10 (1)	5	6	15	65%
(9) Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Ρ									
10) Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17		Develop	ment Sta	ndards a	s laid out	in Sectio	n 4.14.7	

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw.

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 11.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 11-1 and the CR4 - Premium Density Country Residential District:

(1) except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line.

<u>12.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **RMH** - Mobile Home Residential District is to provide for residential development in the form of mobile and modular homes, and compatible development on individual sites.

12.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 12-1.

12.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in **RMH** - Mobile Home Residential District are as follows:

12.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

- 12.4.1 An accessory building or structure which includes, but is not limited to, a porch, canopy, addition, fuel tank covering, and mobile home skirting must be designed and clad in keeping with the original mobile home.
- 12.4.2 Every mobile home site may have one private garage or carport, provided that such a structure is set back a distance of not less than 0.6 metres from the side or rear site lines. If the main garage door faces the rear site line abutting the street, the side yard shall not be less that 3 metres.
- 12.4.3 Every mobile home site may have one private storage building, provided that such a structure is set back a distance of not less that 0.6 metres from the side or rear site lines. If the main door of such a building faces the rear site line, the rear setback shall be 1.2 metres. If the main door of such a building faces a side site line abutting a street, the side yard shall be 1.2 metres.

12.5 REGULATIONS

12.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 12-1.

12.5.2 Building Height Requirements

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 12-1.

12.5.3 Keeping of animals

(1) Keeping animals is prohibited.

12.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **RMH** - Mobile Home Residential District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

12.6.1 Home Based Businesses

- (1) Home based businesses subject to Section 4.14.1.
- (2) No home based business in this district shall include auto body repair or repainting operations.
- (3) No heavy construction or industrial equipment or supplies shall be stored on any site for a home based business in this district.

12.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

<u>12.8</u> OUTSIDE STORAGE

Table 12-1 RMH - MOBILE HOME RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461 Development Standards												
					Develo	opment Star	dards					
<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (m)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Floor Area (m)	Maximum Site Coverage (m)			
Residential Uses												
(1) Mobile homes	Р	4.9	(1)	(3)	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(2) Modular homes	Р	4.9	(1)	(3)	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(3) Single detached dwellings as a principal use	Р		450	16	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
Commercial Uses												
(1) Convenience stores			450	16	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(2) Day care centres	D		(2)	16	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	65%			
(3) Home based businesses	D	4.14.1	(2)	16	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	65%			
(4) Laundromats	D		450	16	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses												
(1) Community halls	Р				6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(2) Historical and archaeological sites	Р											
(3) Municipal facilities	Р											
(4) Parks and playgrounds	Р											
(5) Places of worship	Р		450	16	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(6) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р											
(7) Recreation facilities	D				6	(4)	4.5	65				
(8) Schools and educational facilities	D		450	16	6	(4)	4.5	65	65%			
(9) Wildlife and ecological conservation areas	Р											

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 12.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 12-1 and the RMH - Mobile Home Residential District:

(1) For single-wide homes: 450 square metres; for double-wide homes: 500 square metres

(2) Same as primary building

(3) For single-wide homes: 13 metres; for double-wide homes: 16 metres

district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw.

(4) (a) Where no lane is provided: 4.5 metres (b) Where the main entrance door on the long side of home faces a side site line: 4.5 metres on that side (c) On corner site: 3 metres on flanking street (d) Otherwise: 1.2 metres

<u>13.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **C1** - General Commercial District is to provide for general commercial and other compatible development in specific areas, with standards for such development.

13.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 13-1.

13.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in C1 - General Commercial District are as follows:

13.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

13.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

13.5 REGULATIONS

13.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 13-1.

13.5.2 Building Height Requirements

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 13-1.

13.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **C1** - General Commercial District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

13.6.1 All operations shall comply with all regulations of Saskatchewan Environment and Saskatchewan Labour which govern their operation and development.

13.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

13.8 LANDSCAPING

Landscaping is subject to Section 4.17.

13.9 OUTSIDE STORAGE

	C1 - GENERAL COMME for the Rura		Table 13-1 DISTRICT DEVE cipality of Prince Al			ARDS				
						Develo	opment St			
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (m)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage
Resid	ential Uses						•			-
(1)	Business dwellings	D	4.14.10 (7)	577	15	8	3	3	15	140m ²
Comm	ercial Uses								-	_
(1)	Automotive sales and repair	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(2)	Bakeries	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(3)	Bus terminals	D	4.14.8 4.14.9	577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(4)	Car and truck washes	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(5)	Commercial recreational uses	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(6)	Commercial service establishments	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(7)	Convenience stores and confectionaries	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(8)	Daycare Centres	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(9)	Financial institutions	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(10)	Hotels	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(11)	Medical and dental offices	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(12)	Motels	D		577	30	15	3	3	15	65%
(13)	Nurseries, greenhouses and garden centres	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(14)	Offices and office buildings	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(15)	Parking lots	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(16)	Personal service establishments	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(17)	Repair shops and repair services	D		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%
(18)	Restaurants	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	60%
(19)	Retail food outlets	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	60%
(20)	Retail stores, but not including auction markets	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	60%
(21)	Service stations	D	4.14.8 4.14.9	577	30	15	3	3	15	60%

	Table 13-1 C1 - GENERAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461												
						Develo	opment Sta	andards					
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (m)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage			
Indust	rial Uses												
(1)	Indoor storage rental facilities	D	12.6.4	577	15	8	3	3	15	65%			
Munic	pal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses												
(1)	Community halls	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%			
(2)	Historical and archaeological sites	Р											
(3)	Municipal facilities	Р											
(4)	Parks and playgrounds	Р											
(5)	Places of worship	Ρ		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%			
(6)	Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р											
(7)	Recreation facilities	Р		577	15	8	3	3	15	65%			
(8)	Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17			As laid ou	ut in Secti	on 4.14.1	7				

(P) - Permitted Use
means a use or form of development allowed as of
right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations(D) - Discretionary Use
A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council;
and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 13.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained contained in this Bylaw. in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 13-1 and the C1 - General Commercial District :

(1) or 10% of site depth, whichever is greater

<u>14.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **C2** - Highway Commercial District is to provide for commercial, light industrial and other compatible development in specific areas, with standards for such development.

14.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 14-1.

14.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in C2 - Highway Commercial District are as follows:

<u>14.4</u> ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

14.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

14.5 REGULATIONS

14.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 14-1.

14.5.2 Building Height Requirements:

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 14-1.

14.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **C2** - Highway Commercial District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

14.6.1 All operations shall comply with all regulations of Saskatchewan Environment and Saskatchewan Labour which govern their operation and development.

14.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16

14.8 LANDSCAPING

Landscaping is subject to Section 4.17.

14.9 OUTSIDE STORAGE

	C2 - HIGHWAY COMMERCL for the Rural Mu	AL D				ARDS				
						Develo	opment Sta	andards		
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage
Reside	ential Uses									
(1)	Business Dwelling	D	4.14.10 (7)	0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	140m ²
Comm	ercial Uses									
(1)	Agricultural supplies and equipment sales and service	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(2)	Auction markets	D	4.14.14	0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(3)	Automotive sales and service including recreational vehicle sales and service and mobile home sale	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(4)	Bus terminals	D	4.14.8 4.14.9	0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(5)	Car and truck washes	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(6)	Commercial recreational uses	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(7)	Commercial service establishments	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(8)	Hotels	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(9)	Motels	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(10)	Motor vehicle, farm and heavy equipment related uses	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(11)	Nurseries, greenhouses and garden centres	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(12)	Offices and office buildings	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(13)	Parking lots	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(14)	Personal service establishments	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(15)	Repair shops and repair services	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(16)	Restaurants	Р		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(17)	Retail food outlets	Р		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(18)	Retail stores, but not including auction markets	Ρ		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(19)	Sale of building supplies and products	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(20)	Service stations	D	4.14.8 4.14.9	0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(21)	Training Centres	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(22)	Veterinary clinics	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%

	C2 - HIGHWAY COMMERCI for the Rural Mu	AL D				ARDS				
						Develo	opment St	andards		
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage
Indust	rial Uses			-	-		-		-	_
(1)	Bulk fuel sales and storage	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(2)	Construction trades establishments	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(3)	Construction yards	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(4)	Indoor storage rental facilities	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(5)	Light manufacturing or processing facilities	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(6)	Lumber yards, home improvement centres and building supply establishments	D	4.14.15	0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(7)	Truck stops	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(8)	Warehouses	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(9)	Welding and machine shops	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(10)	Wholesale establishments	D		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
Munic	pal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses									
(1)	Community halls	Р		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(2)	Historical and archaeological sites	Р								
(3)	Municipal facilities	Р								
(4)	Parks and playgrounds	Р								
(5)	Places of worship	Р		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(6)	Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р								
(7)	Recreation facilities	Р		0.4	45	(1)	8	8	15	65%
(8)	Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.17			As laid ou	ut in Secti	on 4.14.1	7	

(P) - <u>Permitted Use</u> (D) - <u>Discretionary Use</u>

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw. A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 14.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 14-1 and the C2 - Highway Commercial District:

(1) Site having frontage on a Provincial Highway: A minimum of 25 metres from the centre line of the highway, or such greater distance as required by the Saskatchewan Department of Highways and Transportation. Site having frontage on a public roadway other than a provincial highway: A minimum of 15 metres, or such greater distance as required by Council.

15 M - INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

<u>15.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the M - Industrial District is to provide for light industrial, heavy industrial and other compatible development in specific areas, with standards for such development.

15.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 15-1.

15.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in **M** - Industrial District are as follows:

15.4 ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

15.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

15.4.2 Building Height Requirements

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 15-1.

15.5 REGULATIONS

15.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 15-1.

15.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **M** - Industrial District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

15.6.1 All operations shall comply with all regulations of Saskatchewan Environment and Saskatchewan Labour which govern their operation and development.

15.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16

15.8 LANDSCAPING

Landscaping is subject to Section 4.17.

15.9 OUTSIDE STORAGE

	M - INDUSTRIAL DIS for the Rural M	STRIC	<u>ble 15-1</u> Г DEVELOPME llity of Prince All							
						Develo	opment Sta	andards		
	<u>Use</u>	Permitted or Discretionary	Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage
Reside	ential Uses									
(1)	Business dwellings	D	4.14.10 (7)	1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
Comm	ercial Uses			-	-		-			
(1)	Auto body and paint shops	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(2)	Grain Elevators	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)		65%
(3)	Repair shops	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(4)	Veterinary clinics, not including the boarding of large animals	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
Indust	rial Uses									
(1)	Asphalt and cements plants, and gravel yards	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(2)	Auto-wrecking yards	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(3)	Automotive sales and services including sales and service of recreational vehicles and mobile homes	Ρ		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(4)	Bulk fuel sales and storage	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(5)	Construction yards	Р		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(6)	Dry goods storage yards	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(7)	Grain storage, milling, cleaning and/or drying facilities	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(8)	Kennels	D	4.14.13	1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(9)	Landscaping establishments	Ρ		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(10)	Manufacturing or processing facilities	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(11)	Mineral Resource Processing	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(12)	Petroleum products storage and wholesale	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(13)	Railway freight yards	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(14)	Sale of building supplies and products	Р		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(15)	Sawmills, wood treatment plants and associated industries	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(16)	Trucking and transfer yards	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%
(17)	Warehouses and wholesale facilities	D		1	60	7	8	8 (1)	15	65%

<u>Table 15-1</u> M - INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461											
			Development Standards								
<u>Use</u>		Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	Maximum Bldg Height (m)	Maximum Site Coverage		
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses											
(1) Historical and archaeological sites	Р										
(2) Municipal facilities	Р										
(3) Parks	Р										
(4) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р										
(5) Wind energy conversion facilities	D	4.14.18	As laid out in Section 4.14.17								

Use Designations: (P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw. A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 15.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 15-1 and the M - Industrial District:

(1) Where abutting railway track, no setback is required

16 CON1 - CONSERVATION AND ACTIVE RECREATION DISTRICT

<u>16.1</u> <u>INTENT</u>

The objective of the **CON1** - Conservation and Active Recreation District is to provide for Crown Provincial Forest Disposition and use as provided for under the direction of Saskatchewan Environment. Subdivision and private development will be considered through the rezoning process to another district.

16.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 16-1.

16.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in CON1 - Conservation and Active Recreation District are as follows:

<u>16.4</u> <u>ACCESSORY BUILDINGS</u>

16.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

16.5 REGULATIONS

16.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 16-1.

16.5.2 Building Height Requirements

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 16-1.

16.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CON1** - Conservation and Active Recreation District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

16.6.1 All operations shall comply with all regulations of Saskatchewan Environment and Saskatchewan Labour which govern their operation and development.

16.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

<u>16.8</u> OUTSIDE STORAGE

<u>Table 16-1</u> CON1 - CONSERVATION & ACTIVE RECREATION DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461										
		Permitted or Discretionary		Development Standards						
	<u>Use</u>		Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Maximum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)	
Conservation Uses										
(1)	Forest nurseries	D								
(2)	Own use wood cutting	Р								
(3)	Uses which assist in conserving, protecting, and managing: water supplies, wildlife, vegetation, and other natural features	Р								
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses										
(1)	Campgrounds	D		.808		60	15 ⁽¹⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	15	
(2)	Commercial wood harvesting of salvage timber	D								
(3)	Grazing of domestic livestock, excluding bison	D								
(4)	Historical and archaeological sites	D								
(5)	Municipal facilities	Р								
(6)	Open space passive recreational activities	D								
(7)	Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р								
(8)	Rifle ranges	D		.808 (2)		60	15 ⁽¹⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	15	

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of right in a zoning district, subject to the regulations contained in this Bylaw. A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 16.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 16-1 and the CON1 - Conservation and Active Recreation District:

- (1) Except where all or a portion of yard abuts municipal road allowance or highway, in which cases Council may require a minimum front and/or side yard of up to 45 metres from the centre-line
- (2) Council may require more stringent standards, as a part of the discretionary process, should safety, noise, pollution and/or other concerns require.

17 CON2 - CONSERVATION AND PASSIVE RECREATION DISTRICT

<u>17.1</u> INTENT

The objective of the **CON2** - Conservation and Passive Recreation District is to provide for Crown Provincial Forest Disposition and use as provided for under the direction of Saskatchewan Environment. Subdivision and private development will be considered through the rezoning process to another district.

17.2 PERMITTED AND DISCRETIONARY USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The permitted and discretionary uses and applicable development standards are laid out in Table 17-1.

17.3 PROHIBITED USES

Uses prohibited in CON2 - Conservation and Passive Recreation District are as follows:

<u>17.4</u> ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

17.4.1 Accessory buildings and uses, except dwelling units, shall be permitted and are subject to Section 4.14.10.

17.5 REGULATIONS

17.5.1 Site Requirements

The minimum and maximum site size and yard requirements are shown in Table 17-1.

17.5.2 **Building Height Requirements**

Maximum building height requirements are shown in Table 17-1.

17.6 STANDARDS FOR DISCRETIONARY USES

Council will consider discretionary use applications in the **CON2** - Conservation and Passive Recreation District with regard to Section 3.7.2 Discretionary use Evaluation Criteria and Section 3.7.3 Terms and Conditions for Discretionary Use Approvals as well as additional development standards noted as follows.

17.6.1 All operations shall comply with all regulations of Saskatchewan Environment and Saskatchewan Labour which govern their operation and development.

17.7 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

Off-street parking and loading requirements are subject to Section 4.16.

<u>17.8</u> OUTSIDE STORAGE

<u>Table 17-1</u> CON2 - CONSERVATION & PASSIVE RECREATION DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS for the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert No. 461										
			Development Standards							
<u>Use</u>		Subject to Sections	Minimum Site Area (ha)	Minimum Site Width (m)	Minimum Front Yard (m)	Minimum Side Yard (m)	Minimum Rear Yard (m)			
Conservation Uses			•							
(1) Own use wood cutting	Р									
(2) Uses which assist in conserving, protecting, and managing: water supplies, wildlife, vegetation, and other natural features	Р									
Municipal, Recreational, Institutional and Other Uses										
(1) Historical and archaeological sites	D									
(2) Municipal facilities	Р									
(3) Open space passive recreational activities	D									
(4) Public works, excluding solid and liquid waste disposal sites	Р									

(P) - Permitted Use

(D) - Discretionary Use

means a use or form of development allowed as of A use or form of development specified in this Bylaw, which may be allowed following application to, and approval of, Council; and which complies with the development standards laid out in Section 17.6 and others as required by Council and/or contained in this Bylaw.

Special limitation and standards regarding Table 17-1 and the CON2 - Conservation and Passive Recreation District:

